

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XV.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, JUNE 5, 1902.

NO. 40

## PEOPLE YOU KNOW

### WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

#### Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELGIN, Ill., June 2—Butter firm at 22c; 442 tubs sold at 22c. Output for week, 822,500 lbs. Butter last week, 22c; last year, 18 3/4c.

Clothes made to order at Webb Bros.

Robert Selter was a Monday morning passenger for Chicago.

Go to Barker Lumber company for screen doors. Prices are right. 40w2

Mrs. George Seymour was visiting in Milwaukee on Tuesday.

Ready made suits that will fit at Webb Bros.

Neils Petersen, of Chicago, spent a few days last week with Antioch relatives and friends.

The best Herkimer county full cream cheese for 15 cts at Webb Bros.

Frank J. Webb, of Chicago, spent Decoration Day with his father, T. A. Webb, of this city.

Percy Chinn and wife, of Kenosha, were visitors at the home of his mother the latter part of last week.

Miss Nellie Pullar, of Chicago, was an over Sunday guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hill.

C. M. Story, of Arlington, S. D., spent Decoration Day and over Sunday the guest of his nephew, Will Story.

For Sale—1 have twenty sucking pigs for sale at reasonable prices. Inquire of Geo. Boulton, Trevor, Wis.

For Sale—We have about 40 bushels of Iron Clad potatoes for sale. Inquire of Armstrong Bros., Loon Lake. 39w2

Miss Maudie Brogan, of Kenosha, was home on Decoration Day and visited her parents and other Antioch friends.

For Sale—A quantity of feed corn at 30c per bushel. Inquire of Armstrong Bros., Loon Lake, Ill. 40w2

Miss Elsie Williams, of Chicago, was an over Sunday visitor at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Williams.

I am now prepared to bore tubular wells, 2 and 3 inch, on short notice. Prices reasonable. Address W. G. Hucker, Lake Villa, Ill. 32tf

Ground is being broke and a wall laid next to Barney Nabor's harness store on Main street and the pool room will be moved thereon.

Misses Mabel and Emily King attended a birthday party at Half Day on Saturday, given in honor of Miss Hazel Phipps' tenth birthday.

For Rent—A seven-room house, good well, good cellar and good cistern in village of Antioch. Inquire of R. J. Cabbins, Antioch. 39tf

The wife of George Winchell died at Milwaukee last week and was brought here and services were held in the M. E. church last Sunday, Rev. E. J. Aikin, officiating. The interment was at Hillside cemetery.

Wanted—Cattle to pasture on the old Morley farm at Grass Lake. Plenty of good feed and water. Call on or address E. L. Warner, Grass Lake. 38w3

A social entertainment will be given by Irwin District Court No. 547 at their next regular meeting, Tuesday evening, June 17. Dance and supper. Tickets 75c a couple. Come out and have a good time.

The Ladies Aid society of the Christian church will meet on Thursday afternoon, June 12, at the home of Mrs. Mary Van Patten. Everybody cordially invited to attend. Mrs. D. Nelson, Sec.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Sabin went to Chicago Wednesday where they were guests in attendance at the wedding of Miss Laura Noble, a sister of Mrs. Harry Langley, to Mr. Archie McLeish.

Frank Matthews, who has been in the employ of Williams Bros. for the past twelve years, has accepted a position as motorman with the Waukegan City Railroad company, and entered upon his duties Monday.

Sealed bids were received on school coal by the Antioch School Board, May 31, from Barker Lumber company for \$9.24 per ton. The Barker Lumber company being the lowest bidder the contract was awarded to them.

Olsen Camp, No. 459 R. N. of A., have been holding some very enjoyable meetings of late, the entertainment part of the meetings being exceptionally good, which reflects much credit on the committee having them in charge. Those who stay away from the regular meetings of the camp are missing a treat.

Go to Webb Bros. for fighting tackle.

Straw hats, any kind, at Webb Bros.

Herman Radtke spent Sunday with relatives and friends at Lake Geneva.

The best line of summer shirts in town at Webb Bros.

Window screens made to order, any size, on short notice. Barker Lumber company. 40w2

Pure Vermont maple sugar 15 cts at Webb Bros.

Albert Tyrrell, of Chicago, visited with relatives and friends here the latter part of last week.

Our stock of Summer hats are up-to-date Webb Bros.

Racine, Wis., and Woodstock, Ill., will have an old fashion Fourth of July celebration this year.

Divine services will be held in St. Peter's church next Sunday, the 8th inst., at 9:00 o'clock, Rev. Father Bruton, officiating.

For Sale—Pedigree Shorthorn Bulls from 4 to 24 months old. Color, red and roan. Inquire of C. E. Allen, Pleasant Prairie, Wis. 37w4

Miss Alice Cunningham, of Millburn, was the guest of Miss Lillie Watson the latter part of last week, and at the dance given at the opera house on Wednesday evening received the prize of a handsome gold watch as the most popular young lady present.

Get your piano tuned by a reliable tuner. Our Mr. Alden has had twenty years experience with all makes of pianos; was for three years expert tuner for Hallett & Davis company. Alden, Bidinger & Co., 209 Genesee street, Waukegan, Ill., dealers in pianos and everything in the musical line. 40tf

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## That Horse Case Again.

Readers of this paper are familiar with the Levy vs. Gonyo case which last fall occupied the attention of the justice courts in this village. The case attracted more than ordinary attention because of the unwillingness on the part of the Levys and their attorneys to prosecute the action in an honest legitimate manner. The persecution of Philip Gonyo was only one of the many cases where minors of so-called law in Cook county have endeavored to raise a few paltry dollars by resorting to the most cunning illegal practices. Judges Chetlain, Holdom and Chytrous of Chicago courts, have pronounced the proceedings as unjust and nothing less than a conspiracy to force money from Gonyo by despicable practices.

The case, it will be remembered, was taken from justice court here to Justice LeBay at Chicago, but there Attorneys Winston and Monroe stopped further proceedings by injunction and forced the Levys into a court of record where they were obliged to show their hands. The question of jurisdiction was argued twice before Judge Chetlain and once before Judge Holdom and in all three occasions the court ruled in favor of jurisdiction. The case was then argued, testimony being taken on its merits. Judge Chytrous heard the case and held against jurisdiction.

The case has been disposed of in the Superior court without a ruling on its merits, so that the only alternative of Levy and son is to proceed in the courts of Lake county for the recovery of the alleged note. Winston and Moore have made it so uncomfortable for the horse traders that they will no doubt stop where they are.

Judge Chytrous issued a bench warrant for the arrest of Jacob Jacobs, Levy and son's star witness, charging him with the crime of perjury, fixing his bond at \$2,000. The case is clear cut and it is said there is absolutely no doubt but the charge can be proven by an overwhelming weight of evidence. The developments promise to bring out some facts as to the real cause of per-

secuting Philip Gonyo, the farmer of Antioch township, who never had any kind of a deal with the firm of Levy and Sons.—Barrington Review.

One hundred families destitute, three lives lost, property damage aggregating close to \$1,000,000, and almost complete suspension of business, are the more important results of the flood which swept over Joliet Tuesday washing out miles of railroad track, inundating the principal streets of the city and wrecking the homes of scores of mill-men who resided in the low lands in the south end of town.

The flood was caused by a cloudburst, which precipitated over four inches of rain-fall within two hours, causing Hickory creek and Spring creek to overflow their banks. A vast torrent of water swept down through the principal streets from the east, leaving devastation in its wake. The drainage channel did not contribute to the flood water. The high retaining walls constructed by the sanitary district carried away a million cubic feet of water per minute. Had it not been for this improvement hundreds of lives would surely have been lost, and property damage extending into the millions would have been inevitable.

Friday afternoon, May 30th, about 75 guests of both the Rebekah and Odd Fellows lodges attended a social outing at Mr. Crowley's picnic grounds on Cross Lake, given by Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Van Patten. The afternoon was pleasantly spent in boat riding, (B. F.'s new boat being in great demand) croquet, swinging, racing, etc. The program part of the entertainment, we are sorry to say was somewhat of a failure, as we understand preparations had been made for something fine. Mrs. N. Pullen read a poem which was well received and Mr. L. M. Haynes gave some selections on the gramophone. Tables were set for thirty-five persons, and so numerous were the good things to eat that the tables fairly groaned under their weight. About six o'clock the guests departed for their several homes expressing themselves as having enjoyed a very pleasant afternoon with royal entertainers, Mr. and Mrs. B. Van Patten. The next social will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith at Channel, June 18th.

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## RIOTS IN CHICAGO

### THREATS TO LYNCH NEGRO DRIVER

#### Drivers at the Big Stores—Strike—Will Not Recognize Union in Their Business.

The threatened lynching of a negro driver at the stock yards, the successful sortie of thirty-five wagon loads of meat, and a wild drive down town, marked by riotous scenes, were the features of the teamsters' strike yesterday.

It was also learned that the Union Stock Yards company had become alarmed at the great loss of business in the yards and will bring pressure to bear on the packers to settle the strike at once.

That the fight is against unionism is apparent by an attempt to break up the Live Stock Handlers' organization, which is the latest combination of workers that wants better terms from the packers.

The stock yards was thrown into a ferment about 11 o'clock by the attempt of Nelson Morris & Co. to deliver a load of meat at the Transit Heat house just at the entrance on exchange street.

Seated on the wagon was a big negro driver, who was covered from head to foot in a white apron. The Morris establishment is about 100 feet from the entrance to the yards. No sooner had the wagon emerged from the plant with the team than a shout ran up and down Halsted and along Root street, where thousands of stockmen gather every day.

"Get onto the coon driver!" "Scab!" "Scallawags!" and other epithets were heard, and the whole crowd started for the wagon, which turned into the yards at Halsted street. Here the driver stopped at the Transit meat market. In five minutes a crowd of 1,500 howling, frenzied men and boys were clamoring around the wagon. Some one shouted: "Lynch him!" and

the cry was taken up by hundreds of voices. "Two scared butchers came running to the door of the meat market." "Go away from here!" shouted one. "We don't want any meat—our bins are full."

The negro was evidently prepared to stick it out, but this was too much. He turned the whites of his big eyes up in surprise. "Jes you say, boss," he muttered and turned the team back to the storehouse. No sooner had he got there than Dave Levy, one of Nelson Morris' salesmen, asked him what he was doing in an excited voice. Levy jumped into the wagon himself and turned the horses back, driving to the market. By this time the situation was critical. The threats of the mob scared even Mr. Levy, and he also went back, and the meat was unloaded into the storehouse. A minute afterward a patrol wagon of police came tearing up Halsted street, prepared to handle the trouble.

General Manager, A. G. Leonard, of the Stock Yards company, was in the Transit meat house immediately after the occurrence. He was thunderstruck when he found that meat could not be delivered in the stock yards itself. The proprietor said: "I'd sooner refuse meat than handle a mob. It was explained to Mr. Leonard that the bins were full and the meat was refused for this reason, also because the order was a week old.

Drivers of delivery wagons in all the ten big State street department stores went on strike yesterday.

The refusal of the proprietors and managers of the stores to sign the agreement submitted by the National Teamsters' union and the Parcel Delivery Drivers' union precipitated the strike, including the drivers for the Fair, who went out last Saturday morning, there are now between 600 and 700 drivers involved in the strike.

Hillman's drivers did not go out when the others did, but they were expected to go out at any time and stand by the others.

For the present none of the stores are attempting to deliver parcels, except occasionally by messenger boys. It is probable an effort will be made to get new men, not members of the union, for the wagons.

Mayor Harrison and Chief O'Neill have been notified that the stores expect police protection.

## Children's Day Exercises.

Children's Day exercises will be held at the M. E. church Sunday morning, June 8, with the following program:

Processional, conducted by young ladies of the school.  
Chorus  
Welcome.....Willie Blair  
Acrostic—"Children's Day."  
Recitation.....Clara Isabester  
Exercise—"Rose Garland."  
Recitation.....Veta Manley  
Song.....School  
Recitation—"What Pussy Said."  
Recitation—"A Queer Soldier."  
Exercise—"God Call to America."  
Song—"Bring Them In."  
Recitation—"What Tommy Caught."  
Recitation—"What Was It?"  
Class recitation—"Cloyers."  
Song.....School  
Recitation—"Baby and The Dandelions."  
Exercise—"Bring Flowers."  
Recitation and Song—"Song of Leaves."  
Recitation.....Bertha James  
Song—"Little Pansies."  
Recitation—"A Saucy Fellow"  
Song.....Lillie Horton  
Remarks.....Pastor  
Offering.  
Song.....School  
Benediction.

## Father Saves His Childs Life, But Sacrifices a Leg.

In an endeavor to save his two and a half year old son from sure death beneath the wheels of a passing freight train, Joe Kucker, of Waukegan, lost his left leg and had a narrow escape from death. But the child is safe and sound, too young to realize the cost of its safety. Kucker is a trucker employed at the wire mill. His home is at 242 Lake street and the Northwestern's switch track passing within four feet of the fence surrounding his yard.

The father sat smoking, watching a gang of laborers on the "J." tracks. Look-

ing out the door he saw his son playing in the middle of the switch track. He heard a train backing down. Quick as a flash he leaped to the porch. The train was approaching swiftly. The father called to the child but he heeded not. In another moment the train would be upon him, but the father jumped and grabbed the boy, himself stumbling as he cleared the track.

As a result, while his body and the child got out safely, his leg as he fell laid across the track and before he could gather himself up, the train had passed over it.

He was taken to the hospital, where Dr. Gavin amputated the leg below the knee. Kucker is thirty-four years old and has a wife and five children dependent upon him. The oldest is seven years the youngest is two and a half.

Canada Thistle Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all property owners, occupiers or renters, in the town of Antioch, to cut all Canada Thistles and noxious weeds growing on their lands, or upon the highways along and in front of their lands, before allowing the same to mature seed, under penalty of the law, as prescribed by the statutes of the state of Illinois.

Frank Pitman, Sr.,  
Thistle Commissioner,  
Antioch, Ill., June 1, 1902. 40w3

Bill Keeps That 24 Cents.

Thomas A. Walker, a wealthy Hardin county, Iowa, stockman, landed in New York city in 1838 with but 24 cents, and still possesses the identical 24 cents, which he will retain as a valuable heirloom for his children's children.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Ons.....40c  
Corn-70 lbs. ear.....65c  
Hay.....\$6 00 to \$10 00

MILL FEED.  
bran.....\$17 00  
middlings.....19 00  
Gruen.....20 00  
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.....1 65  
Chicken Feed Wheat.....1 20

HOGS.  
Hogs—Live weight.....\$ 6 00  
Hogs—Dressed.....7 00

POULTRY.  
Turkeys.....6c  
Ducks.....8c  
Geese.....8c  
Chickens—Live weight.....9c

## LIGHT AND WATER

### SHALL ANTIOCH HAVE A LIGHT AND WATER PLANT

#### Proposition Submitted Asking for a Franchise for Acetylene Gas and Water Works.

Progressiveness of municipalities is noted by the amount of public improvements that are installed. Nearly every village in the United States, with a population of 500 or more, have water and lighting plants. Antioch has neither. The fire last week, was again one of those lucky unlucky fires that have occurred in this corporation. While it was unlucky for the owner of the barn, it was extremely a matter of Providence that the rain and wind occurred before the fire instead of afterward. Otherwise a serious conflagration would have resulted.

Then another thing. Why do we continue using the old obsolete kerosene oil street lamps for illuminating (?) purposes. Towns otherwise less progressive and of smaller population than Antioch, have long since relegated them to the scrap pile. We heard several traveling men remarking on the backwardness of Antioch in these respects recently. One remarked, he had tried to get a bath. It was so dark he couldn't find a barber shop, and after being directed to one, was informed that there wasn't a bath-tub in the town.

Mr. L. M. Williams, of Chicago, talked to the village Board last week, relative to installing a combined water works and gas plant in Antioch. He advocated the use of acetylene gas using a generator, manufactured by the Abernethy Acetylene Gas Company of Chicago, who have installed a number of municipal lighting plants that are now in successful operation. He quoted a number of towns and cities in the U. S. which are lighted with acetylene gas. One town in particular was noted because of the competition of electricity and natural gas with acetylene. This is Wabash, Ind., where acetylene has been used since 1893, and notwithstanding fierce competition and consequent low rates acetylene has 45,000 buyers in use. Most of the consumers having formerly used electric lights.

His arguments for the use of acetylene as against electricity, are as follows:

It is fifty per cent cheaper than electricity. It is obtainable at any moment in the 24 hours of the day, which electricity is not. It can be used for cooking purposes. On account of its color spectrum, being nearly akin to that of the sun, colors may be distinguished by its light as well as in day-light. It is cooler than any other light. It is the easiest on the eyes, being rightfully and scientifically called artificial sunlight. It is a well known fact by present users of electric light that it is the most irritating light to the eyes of any of the artificial lights.

Acetylene is the most diffusive of artificial lights, while the incandescent electric light is the least diffusive. It is much cheaper to maintain an acetylene gas plant than an electric plant, hence a gain to the consumer. For street lighting it is unsurpassed and entirely reliable. It is undisturbed by cold weather, winds or electric storms. And on account of the diffusive,ness throws a light farther on foggy, stormy nights than any other street light used of equal candle power.

Mr. Williams has a street light on exhibition in front of Hill's drug store, also several lights for interior use inside of the drug store. He will be there for several evenings and will be pleased to answer any questions regarding acetylene.

It is well known that the fire insurance rates in Antioch are way above the average rates. One of the chief reasons for the recent rise in rates in cities is due to the increased use of electricity for light and power. By eliminating electricity, kerosene and gasoline, and installing a combined water works and gas plant insurance rates should be reduced to \$1.50 or \$2.00 instead of the \$5.50 and \$7.00 rates now charged.

It therefore becomes morally and financially an urgent duty for the citizens of Antioch to express an opinion to their board of trustees, and for the board of trustees to take immediate steps toward obtaining a plant of this character.



# THE WOMAN IN GRAY

—BY—  
ROBERT ESTES DURAND.

CHAPTER VIII.—(Continued.)

She moved away from me a little, towards the door of the hall room, through which the white light of a thousand wax candles streamed, and a cold air seemed to blow between us, shutting me away from her, barrier-like. I could not attempt to keep her, and I should have stood still as she passed me by had not the doorway from the drawing room suddenly been blocked by a group of people—Paula, Uncle Wilfrid and the man who called himself Haynes-Haviland.

The crisis, whatever it might be, had come, and with my blood returning on my heart with a great rush, I stepped forward to the side of the woman in gray.

"Consuelo," said my uncle, "I have brought you one who wishes for your forgiveness, and would not be content to wait when I urged that another time might be more suitable than this."

"Your forgiveness for many things, Miss Hope," went on Paula glibly, holding out her hand. "I have been wondering if I can partially atone by introducing to you an old friend of your own. It is always so pleasant to meet old friends from whom one has been separated, so delightful to be the one to bring them together." And she indicated, with a little bend of her head, the handsome, saintly-faced man at her side.

"I don't quite understand," gently breathed Consuelo. "An old friend, you say? Why, have we ever met before?"—smiling, child-like, at him.

"I don't know what to think. I—I am at a loss," he murmured.

"And I," sweetly said Consuelo Hope, "never until to-night heard of a Mr. Haynes-Haviland."

"I'm disappointed," exclaimed Paula, with an effort at lightness. "I fancied I was bringing about a meeting of old acquaintances. But, at all events, you both know Lorn Abbey. You will have much in common. Come, Mr. Haynes-Haviland—very playfully—'shake hands with Miss Hope, and be friends.'"

Obediently he put out his slim brown hand, sleek and sunny-looking as an East Indian's. Once more that blue light of malice flamed forth from the saint-like eyes. His fingers touched Consuelo's as she slowly extended her hand to meet his, and then with a gasp and a shudder she drew back.

CHAPTER IX.

"Take me away," whispered Consuelo to Uncle Wilfrid, with a sob catching her voice. "This dance—I must go—I have promised it."

"Great heavens!" I heard Haynes-Haviland mutter, and I turned on him. His very lips were white and hung apart, while his eyes were riveted on the hand under the sheath of pearls.

Everybody said that the ball was a great success. Lorn Abbey had been transformed into fairyland. But I went through it all as one who has been hypnotized. After it was all over I was in my own room—the haunted room of the tower. I had dressed hastily for dinner in the evening, and had scarcely had time to bestow a moment's thought on my new quarters until now.

The old-fashioned furniture and that dreadful canopied bed, where the dervish woman had lain, had been replaced with modern and artistic fittings.

I could not sleep. Strange shadowy shapes loomed fantastically across the wall with the wavering glow of the fire. An eeriness that was a part of the night and silence and remoteness crept over me, chilling my flesh.

Suddenly I gave a great start, and leaped up to my elbow. The fire had flickered for the last time, and a pall of darkness curtained the room. Something was moving and breathing stealthily over the head of the bed. I could hear a board creaking faintly under a slight footfall; yet I was positive that I had locked my door, and there was no other mode either of ingress or egress.

In another instant, it seemed, the presence—whatever it might be—would have touched me. I should be feeling those long, sighing breaths fanning my very face. With a shudder of something nearer supernatural horror than I had ever known before, I sprang out of bed, and, feeling through the darkness for the mantel, struck a match.

The flame of the wax vesta flared up brightly for an instant, making a circle of light for a few yards around me; and, as the flint flicker broke into the gloom, I had an impression—rather than actually saw—that some small object moved along the wall, half-way between the floor and ceiling. I took a couple of quick steps toward it, and as I did so it disappeared, actually seeming to melt into invisibility.

I waited a moment or two, motionless, and then, as the match burnt my hand, I involuntarily blew it out before lighting the dressing table candles, as I had intended to do. No sooner was I once more in darkness than a sound, between a sigh and a groan, jarred the silence.

I was not a superstitious man, and in such crises as had so far come to me during my twenty-nine years of life I had not shown myself a coward. I was certainly not afraid of danger, and yet the thought of that gray, groping hand crawling spider-like along the wall, and the sibilant hiss of that long-drawn breath in the darkness, did check the healthy current of my blood.

My bed stood in the place once occupied by the other, and as I lighted the candles for a second more thorough inspection of the place I could not forbear a glance at the pillows I had so lately quitted, with a thought in my mind of the bleeding wrath of the unfortunate Hannah Haynes.

All across the lace-frilled pillows on which I had unasily sought slumber a few minutes ago lay a stain of crimson which had not been there before. Great round drops, big as those which fall in a summer thunder shower, were bespatter-

ed over the white linen, in some places having run together. I held my candle above the place, staring at it almost ready to doubt the evidence of my own eyes, and the spots glistened wet in the wavering light.

There was no sleep for me during what remained of that night.

I was fully dressed before 6 o'clock and stepped out into the sweet air of the morning. Mechanically I took the way which led to the water, and as I neared the shining expanse my eye was attracted by the new boat house.

It was not completed as yet, and no boats were supposed to be kept there. But some one had used one yesterday; and it had been left, fastened insecurely, as though challenging the honesty of the neighborhood. I took up the oarlocks and pushed gently out from under the shelter of the roof.

My eyes wandered over the meadow and suddenly they were arrested by a moving figure, dressed in white or pale gray. It was Consuelo Hope. There was no mistaking that slight, supple form, taller than the generality of women.

As my eyes dwelt upon her, I began at last to realize that she was going straight, with an air of assured determination, towards the grave of Florence Haynes, the white headstone guarding which I could just see from where I sat. What was there, I wondered, about the grave of that dead woman which had more than once drawn her to it by some subtle and mysterious attraction?

She had reached the place at last, and was kneeling down beside it, with her back turned to me in such a way that I could no longer see what she was doing. I lifted the oarlocks again, all the ineffable spell gone from the hour, and would have moved on had I not seen another figure approaching the same spot.

It was a man, coming from the direction of the stile where I had yesterday left the road and walked across the meadow. At first Miss Hope had evidently been unconscious that she was about to be disturbed. But suddenly she rose up quickly, and, after standing with a certain curious rigidity in her attitude for a moment, began walking from the grave and toward the house again.

The man, who was hurrying toward her, with an unmistakable intention to overtake her, whether by her will or no, was no other than Haynes-Haviland.

She fled on before him for a few yards, and then, as if telling herself that escape was hopeless, she wheeled suddenly, and stood erect, awaiting his coming. In a moment or two more he had joined her, and my heart quickened its beatings as I watched them.

He took off his hat. Then he held out his hand as though to take hers, and I saw her, with a gesture of repulsion, put both hers behind her.

For some minutes they stood talking quietly together, and at last, just as I was beginning to think that my interference would not be necessary, her right hand and arm went out with a quick, direct movement, as though to push him away from a threatened closer contact. Her hand was pressed against his breast, holding him at arm's length, the other still behind her. But I waited to see no more. Without even stopping to moor the boat, I made one leap for the shore, sprang up the low bank and ran toward them.

She was struggling with him now, and I thought he was trying to snatch the hand which she held behind her back; but, though she was in deadly earnest in her wish to free herself, not a cry did she utter. She was not the sort of woman to scream in emergencies.

Both figures were turned to me in profile, and I was within a few yards of them before I was either seen or my footfalls heard on the soft, dew-wet grass.

As he started and loosed Miss Hope at sight of me, my hand was on Haynes-Haviland's shoulder, falling there with something of the vicious, eager grasp with which I have seen a cat pounce upon a mouse.

I felt my own physical power as I planned him tightly, conscious of yielding flesh and muscles under my fingers. I towered over him by more than half a foot, and he appeared a pitiful, slight thing to grapple with.

"Thank you, Mr. Darkmore!" she cried. "You have saved me from a most unwarrantable annoyance. This gentleman, whose very name I had never heard until last night, has behaved with the most unpardonable rudeness. I really think the only charitable explanation of his conduct is that he is not in his right mind."

"Good heavens, Mr. Darkmore!" he exclaimed; "are you the strong man of the county? I've made a mistake, and I must apologize. But I wish you'd been just one moment later in coming up!"

"You must apologize to this lady, not to me," I said, with a species of subdued savagery; "and you shall apologize—here and now!"

"To her?" he echoed. "To her? No—not yet—not till I am sure." And his eyes shot blue lightning at her. "No man shall make me do that!"

The result in his words and in his look maddened me.

"Here is a man who means to make you do so," I said.

Hardly had the words left my lips when I saw in his face that he was a coward. He was afraid of me—afraid of my superior strength.

"No further discussion is necessary," he broke out suddenly. "I was wrong. I will apologize to this lady for any discomfort or inconvenience I may have occasioned her. My excuse, if I have any, lies in the fact—But, no! Why dwell on that? I don't wish to be on unfriendly terms with any of Sir Wilfrid Amory's people. I therefore beg that Miss Hope will forgive—all that there is to forgive."

"It is enough," she said, with hauteur. "And for Mr. Darkmore?"

His face looked like an angel's when he smiled.

"If Miss Hope is satisfied,"

"Thank you."

He bowed in a graceful, foreign way, with a sweep of the hand which held his soft hat, and walked away.

After all, he had contrived a more or less effective exit. I watched him for a few moments as he went off across the field. Then I turned to Miss Hope, and with a shock I realized that her proud bearing had been a sham. She leaned against a tree, with closed eyes, her cheeks and lips milk white.

"Consuelo!" I exclaimed, with passionate solicitude.

This time she did not repel me. Her lashes quivered, rose, and fell again.

"Are you going to question me?" she said. "It will be torture if you do; for I am at my weakest. Just what you have saved me from you do not know—nor do I, perhaps, in full. I was not ready for him, or the crisis he may bring with him, though I hope triumphantly to be ready, more than ready, by-and-by. You came in a moment of need. And now I am at your mercy. Question me if you will, and I will answer you, though I repeat it is utterance throughout the remainder of my life."

I gazed at her in silence. Then I said, slowly:

"I ask you no questions, I desire no explanations. Don't you know that I love you?"

"You—love me?"

"Yes, with all that I am—all that is best and worst in me, all that is maddest and sanest—with my heart and mind and soul. I would live for you if you would let me. To die for you would be enough reason for having lived at all."

I would have raised her hands to my lips, but her gaze followed them in my grasp, falling upon the sheath of pearls, and with a strange, eerie cry she wrenched them from me.

"Love is not for me—the love of a woman for a man! I am vowed to a cause. What will be the end heaven only knows! But, meanwhile, do not think of me as of a woman at all; feel toward me as though, instead of flesh and blood, I was as the 'stuff that dreams are made of,' an idea—a means toward a great end—nothing more; or nothing more to you!"

She took a rapid step away from me, then turned and came back.

"I thank you for your trust and loyalty," she said brokenly. "I need the courage which both give. But tell me that from this hour everything shall be between us as though these words of yours had not been spoken. That you will forget."

"Possibly, when I die, but I think not even then," I answered.

"Ah! you think—men think! Say, at least, that you will not speak of it to me again!"

"I will not speak if you can tell me now that there is not, and never can be, any love in your heart for me."

"I dare not have a heart. Now you are answered. I have no heart—for you or for any man."

Hours passed. And it came about that by the grave of the murderess I fought a great battle with myself. I dare not say I won. That was for the future to decide. Despite Consuelo's decisive words, I had not abandoned all hope for the future.

After dinner Consuelo beckoned to me.

"I want to ask you something," she abruptly said. "You will answer me frankly, I know. You remember that among other things I said to you on the first day we ever met. I invited you to select the tower room as your bedchamber when you should come here to live, and hinted that you could not do better than devote your time and attention to learning your Catechism. Did those words of mine that day suggest anything to your mind?"

"No," I returned, making the strongest effort to speak as though the scene by the grave had never been. "That is, until next day we all walked over to the Abbey, and made rather a strange discovery in the house here."

"Ah! What was that? What did you find?" she asked.

"It was my cousin, Miss Wynne, who found something. On the bed in the room which now, as you know, is mine, lay a fading flower. Under it was a tiny key of brass; and that key, as Miss Wynne rather rashly took means to ascertain, fitted a small receptacle in the wall, which contained, among other things, a Bible and a Catechism. Perhaps you have heard of the Amory Catechism, though I never had until that day."

"Perhaps. Well, what else was there?"

"I scarcely remember. A few books—one concerning old country houses of England, I think, and—"

"Ah! I should have examined them all if I had been you. I should do so yet, if they had been destroyed."

"What was that you wished to say to me to-night?" I questioned. "Had you something more to tell me?"

"Nothing to tell you. What there is to know you must find out for yourself. It was a question I wanted to ask. Have you been taking any steps toward following my advice?"

"No, I—"

"I thought, perhaps, you had. I fancied that a certain card might have come into your possession. If it has, now that I have given you this one small hint of its ownership, you can see that it would be scarcely fair to keep it."

"You thought I had, and was keeping something which was yours."

"And you have not?"

"No, I haven't."

"You needn't. Your word is more than enough. Well, then, the thing that has happened is, perhaps, far more dangerous for me and serious for you—and Sir Wilfrid than I thought. For I have lost something which I would give almost anything to regain. And more depends than I dare tell you upon the person who shall find that chart."

(To be continued.)

A Real Need.

"Here's an invention that enables you to see the man who rings you up over the telephone."

"That's well enough. But what is really needed is something that will enable you to punch him in the jaw."—Detroit Free Press.

It is a boy's misfortune that the only chance offered him to be a hero is to keep the wood box filled.

## BOER WAR IS ENDED

### Treaty of Peace Is Signed and London Cheers.

### BURGHERS GIVE UP.

### Lord Kitchener Makes Official Announcement of Their Surrender.

Exact Terms Believed to Have Been Cabled to War Office, but Are Not Given Out to Public—King Edward Issues a Peace Proclamation—Britain Makes Concession to the Vanquished Boers—Great Gain to Empire Through War's Ending.

Peace in South Africa was officially announced by the London war office Saturday. The declaration followed the receipt of a cablegram from Lord Kitchener at Pretoria, the former capital of the South African republic, which related that terms of peace had been signed by all the representatives of the fighting Boers and by Lord Kitchener and Milner of Great Britain.

Lord Alfred E. Milner is the British high commissioner in South Africa and Lord Kitchener is the commander-in-chief of the British army in the field. The treaty which they have negotiated is the result of the conferences that have been held since April 7, when Acting President Schalk-Burger and Secretary of State Reitz, for the Transvaal, and President Steyn for the Orange Free State, began a systematic effort to obtain a plebiscite of the Boers in arms with reference to a cessation of the conflict.

Exact Terms Are Guarded.

Whether Lord Kitchener cabled also the terms of the treaty as signed is unknown to the general public in London. It is believed, however, that he enlightened the war office to an extent far beyond the meager announcement of peace which the officials condescended to make known. This opinion is confirmed by the guarded declarations the officials permit to be whispered about in Downing street. These are to the effect that Great Britain made numerous concessions, which, although they destroyed the national individuality of the Boers, yet gave the burghers many rights for which they have been fighting since they began to harass the British by their prolonged guerrilla warfare.

Some of the Concessions.

Following are some of the terms that are said to be contained in the document that has been signed:

Boers are to be permitted to retain their rifles to protect them against the savages and wild beasts of the veldt upon swearing allegiance to Great Britain. They will also be allowed a limited amount of ammunition.

Boers are promised autonomy within a brief period.

Great Britain will rebuild the Boer farm houses and restore the Boer farms, allowing the former owners to return to the peaceful pursuit of agriculture.

Boer prisoners in St. Helena, Ceylon, the West Indies and other British prisons are to be repatriated, within a stated time provided they take the oath of allegiance to the British empire.

Great Britain promises to make a land grant to those Boers who prefer to start anew in some other colony of the empire than South Africa; Boers who wish to migrate to another country outside the British domain will receive a grant, probably in money, sufficiently large to enable them to begin life over again.

Britain Riots in Joy.

King Edward issued this proclamation of peace at 1 o'clock Monday morning: "The King has received the welcome news of the cessation of hostilities in South Africa with infinite satisfaction and his majesty trusts that peace may speedily be followed by the restoration of prosperity in his new dominions, and that the feelings necessarily engendered by war will give place to earnest co-operation on the part of his majesty's South African subjects in promoting the welfare of their common country."

Great joy was manifested throughout the United Kingdom because of the ending of the war, which has been waged incessantly at enormous cost in money and life since Oct. 11, 1900. Nowhere is the rejoicing greater than in the palace of King Edward himself. For several months it has been the leading desire of his heart and the main object of his daily duties to bring the war to an end in advance of his coronation, which takes place the 26th of the present month.

Empire's Great Gain.

The result of the war adds to the British domains 107,405 square miles of territory, an area equivalent to all the New England States, New York and Pennsylvania, rich in gold and diamond mines and with other natural resources of enormous value.

Moreover, it adds an important link to the Cape-to-Elm chain of possessions, the possibilities of which in the future development of the continent of Africa cannot be estimated by the present generation.

The newly acquired territory had before the war a population of 350,000. While this has been considerably reduced, it is reasonable to expect that peace will restore prosperity and attract immigration.

Brief News Items.

At a railroad camp northeast of Guthrie, O. T., Phil Brooks shot and killed a boy named Ona Gun in a dispute over a trivial matter.

At Hickory Grove, near Clinton, Mo., during an altercation arising over a game of horseshoes, Harry Kidd shot and probably fatally wounded David Green.

Fire in the business section of Perry, O. T., did damage estimated at \$7,500. The fire originated in Shanafelt's book store.

## HEROES ARE HONORED

### MEMORIAL DAY IS OBSERVED THROUGHOUT THE LAND.

Sleeping Soldiers Are Given Reverent Homage—The President Addresses War Veterans at Arlington—McKinley's Tomb Covered with Flowers.

Memorial Day was more generally observed this year than ordinarily. Throughout the land the sleeping heroes of two wars were given reverent homage. The cemeteries have never been more crowded with those who were eager to mark their remembrance of the dead with flags and flowers and pay them the sacred annual tribute of pride and gratitude.

President Roosevelt spoke for the new policies of the government of the United States at Arlington Cemetery on Memorial Day. While the occasion was the annual tribute of love to the soldier dead at the national cemetery, extraordinary interest was shown in the President's speech owing to the fact that it was current report in the capital he would touch on subjects close to the nation's heart.

In this no one was disappointed, for the President spoke gravely and deeply of the topics now agitating Congress and the country, and which have everything to do with the future conduct of national affairs. His introductory remarks were almost wholly confined to the careers of Grant and Lincoln. From them he passed to an eloquent defense of the course of the army in the Philippines, a condemnation of lynching, an exposition of the rules of warfare, a declaration of the government that all guilty offending army officials would be punished, and a renewed pledge to the Philippine people that when they showed themselves worthy of self-government the United States would be willing to grant it to them.

When the President referred to the "councils of unmanly weakness" in connection with the Philippine situation it seemed to many a direct challenge to the speech of Senator Hoar delivered a few days before. The inference was drawn, apparently with reason, that the President had chosen the occasion to declare definitely his Philippine policy and to reply to the critics of the government. He said:

"Our soldiers conquer. And what is the object for which they conquer? To establish a military government? No. The laws we are now endeavoring to enact for the government of the Philippines are to increase the power and domain of the civil at the expense of the military authorities, and to render even more difficult than in the past the chance of oppression."

He added the significant sentence: "Great is the gain to humanity which follows the steady though slow introduction of the orderly liberty, the law-abiding freedom of the individual, which is the only sure foundation upon which national independence can be built."

The President's fully analyzed from his point of view the state of mind and the present position of the Filipino and what American civil rule would bring to him in the way of blessings of civilization. He said of the course of the army in the Orient:

"They represent as high a standard of public service as this country has ever seen. They are doing a great work for civilization, a great work for the honor of the nation and above all for the welfare of the Philippine islands. All honor to them, and shame and disgrace to us if we fail to uphold their lands."

For the rules of warfare which have prevailed in the islands the President says: "The rules of warfare which have been promulgated by the War Department and accepted as the basis of conduct by our troops in the field are the rules laid down by Abraham Lincoln when, my hearers, were fighting for the Union. . . . The most destructive of all forms of cruelty would be to show weakness where sternness is demanded by iron need."

"When the Philippines have shown their capacity for real freedom by their power of self-government, then, and not until then, will it be possible to decide whether they are to exist independently of us or be kept to us by ties of common friendship and interest. When that day will come it is not in human wisdom now to foresee."

Many bright and beautiful flowers were placed on the tomb of the late President McKinley on Memorial Day. Some were there by order of Mrs. McKinley and many were sent by friends in all parts of the country. A large crate came from the White House and others came from Chicago, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and other cities. Some were in the form of elaborate plaques and many were arranged in simple garlands and strands.

Funeral exercises were conducted by the G. A. R., beginning at 1 o'clock. The G. A. R. post of which the late President was a member felt that if he could express his wishes he would have no distinction shown him other than was accorded his dead comrades, hence the post placed no special emblem on his tomb, only the flag of the order and a bouquet such as was placed on the graves of the most humble.

When the people of Havana, Cuba, awoke Friday morning they saw on the wreck of the Maine the evidence on the part of President Palma, who ordered that the wreck, which stands as a monument for more than 200 brave Americans, be appropriately decorated to commemorate the day. American and Cuban flags, garlands of roses and wreaths constituted the decorations, and memorial services were held in several of the American churches.

The first statue of the martyr President, McKinley, was unveiled at Muskegon, Mich., on Memorial Day in the presence of fully 30,000 persons. Prominent men from all parts of the nation were guests of honor at the exercises.

The statue is of heroic size, and is the work of Charles H. Neillans. It stands on a pedestal of granite. The whole was presented to Muskegon by the millionaire philanthropist, Charles H. Hickey, of that city, at a cost of \$20,000.

The ceremonies at Lincoln's tomb were of the usual order. The sarcophagus in which the body formerly rested before being put in the base of the monument was covered with flowers. The Rev. Frank Bruner of Chicago made the principal address. A parade of old soldiers preceded the ceremony at Oak Ridge.

## PULSE of the PRESS

Frank Stockton deserved well of his kind. He never wrote historical novels.—Detroit Free Press.

Anyway, they can't explain the high price of fish by alleging dry weather last summer.—Toledo News.

Now is the time for Uncle Sam to get a few West Indian volcanoes at fire sale prices.—Detroit Evening News.

While doing the Lord's work, Mr. Talmage managed to collect commissions to the amount of \$300,000.—Detroit News.

Death is now working day and night and overtime. It is about time to work up a strike on the old reaper.—Buffalo Evening News.

According to the reply of the Northern Securities Company it is one of those "good trusts" that you read about.—Toledo Daily News.

Well, let's try to avoid worrying about next winter's coal supply. Maybe there isn't to be any next winter's coal.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The doctrine that high prices make good times will never be generally accepted until the high prices include labor.—New Haven Union.

The United States cruiser Chicago has arrived at Trieste, where it is to be hoped the restaurant tables are not quite so rickety.—Boston Herald.

The western farmers would like to have their Congressmen send them rain showers with each package of garden seed.—Buffalo Evening News.

Vaulting ambition combined with a little streak of double dealing, was the cause of that Wall street flurry the other day.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It is only once in a long time that there is a big opening for a big man, and he is not the big man if he does not take advantage of it.—La Crosse Chronicle.

Naturally, the Irish are delighted with the coercion acts. Nothing gives an Irishman so much joy as to have somebody try to coerce him.—Detroit Free Press.

"Whom the gods would destroy, they first make mad," is a saying that will just now apply aptly to the coal trust and the beef barons.—Toledo Daily News.

The tramp suffers with the rest. The kitchen door supplies are not up to the lusciousness of the good old days before the beef combine.—Buffalo Evening News.

The Cubans are an enthusiastic people, as President Palma discovered by the swelling of his hand the day after his landing in Havana.—The Philadelphia Record.

The Spaniards simply worship their boy king. They describe him reverently as the only child born a king since the birth of the Christ child at Bethlehem.—Boston Herald.

However, the stricken people of Martinique will never fully realize the horrors of their situation until after Litchard Harding Davis gets there.—Grand Rapids Press.

Unless the courts make better time with the beef trust injunction case than they usually do, the people will eat high priced meat for many months yet.—Topeka State Journal.

This is a great year for Japan. First she managed to enter into an alliance with Great Britain, and now she is receiving a visit from "Fighting Bob" Evans.—Detroit Free Press.

The slices of meat in the "full dinner pail," of which we heard so much in the late presidential election, will be apt to become much smaller before the next presidential election.—Philadelphia Record.

Denmark may now want to push those West Indian islands on to us at any old price. She should be compelled to guarantee that they will remain in good order for at least a year.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

His majesty, King Edward, has now established a office of master of the king's motor cars. That's the first formal recognition of the royal status of the automobile up to date.—The Boston Herald.

Probably the statesmen in Congress who insist upon this government digging a canal through the volcanic marl of Nicaragua and Costa Rica have no notion of traveling by that route.—Philadelphia Record.

Visiting foreigners of rank and title mustn't expect us to duplicate the Prince Henry foolishness every time we have a chance. Americans get very quickly tired of the same kind of snobbery.—Toledo Daily News.

Just possibly some people in this country will modify their sympathy for war-impoorished English people when they read that the new loan was oversubscribed ten times the day it was opened.—Buffalo News.

We are almost worth our weight in gold after all, a chemist having figured out that there are four pounds of the element calcium in the human body. Calcium is \$300 an ounce, or about four times as much as gold.—Crawfordsville Star.

It costs Uncle Sam a snug sum annually to turn out officers for his army. The appropriations for West Point this year will reach over \$300,000, but it can be classed as a good investment for the defense of the country.—Philadelphia Item.

The father of a 7-year-old boy of Brooklyn has asked that he be committed to an institution, declaring that he is incurably bad. When a father can read that the new loan was oversubscribed ten times the day it was opened, he cannot be entirely on the boy's side.—Buffalo Times.

There is a revolutionary party in the republic of Hayti that insists upon the resignation of all the members of Congress. It need not be said that the majority in the Haytian Congress differs with this party.—Philadelphia Record.

An actor thrashed a stage-door masher who spoke to his wife last night. By doing so he put the public under a debt of gratitude. He also showed that he has views on the duties of a man which are different from those of the average man in line. But there are exceptions to prove every rule.—New York Evening Sun.







# THE NEWS

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Circulation in Western Lake County, than  
Any Paper Published in the State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

Chile has adopted a new liquor law, that is attracting world wide attention. Saloon licenses are sold every three years to the highest bidder. Liquor cannot be sold within 200 yards of church, school, barracks, place of amusement or railway station, nor on trains, nor to minors, nor between the hours of midnight and 6 a. m. No one in any way interested in a liquor license is eligible to public office and every distillery has a government chemist to insure the purity of the product.

A Chicago judge has decided that Edmond Rostand, the noted French dramatist, plagiarized "Cyrano de Bergerac" from "The Merchant Prince of Cornville," a play written by a Chicagoan named Gross. The literary world does not accept the dictum, and it will concern only the rights of production in this country.

The democrats are saying that if they get a sound platform and then have all the divisions of the party vote for it they may win at the next national election. This is like the Irish doctor who remarked that if his patient lived until morning he might pull through but if he did not there was no hope for him.

The democratic papers which again raise the cry of "treacherous sycophancy," meant the gift of a statue by Emperor William should come to their senses and realize that European friendliness to this country is more likely to mean the spread of republican principles than the decay of them.

Dr. J. L. Curry was received quite as "a friend of the family" at the Spanish coronation, having been minister to Spain at the time of the birth of the present king, sixteen years ago. The expressions of friendship for this country showed that there is no lingering resentment over the war.

The emancipation of Cuba, conceived and carried out under republican regime, will stand as an enduring monument to the party and the bold and generous experiment in international history making elicits commendation for this country from the peoples of the world.

Mr. Patterson, of Colorado, has spoken on the floor of the Senate over 650 times in the past five months. He is a "howling example" of what is commonly known as "legislation by the mouth" so prevalent among democratic statesmen during the present session.

The governor-general of the Australian commonwealth has resigned because his yearly salary, \$50,000, the same as that of the President of the United States, was too small to meet necessary expenses. He asked for \$30,000 a year additional but it was refused.

America has surpassed the world in the liberal arts and it should be her aim to attain to the front rank in fine arts. The national conservatories proposed in Congress may not attain this end but they are a step in the right direction.

The Marconi Company has fitted up the schooner "Pleiades" with a wireless telegraph outfit, to be anchored permanently 300 miles off the Massachusetts coast to report all incoming vessels fitted with the apparatus.

The Agricultural Department is to send an expert to France to purchase a quantity of silk-worm eggs for distribution among the farmers of the southern states with the idea of introducing silk culture in that section.

Professor Alexander Graham Bell, the inventor of the Bell telephone, will spend the entire summer at Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, flying kites, as experiments in the solution of the problem of aerial navigation.

The fine new manual training school erected at Washington, D. C., has been named in honor of President McKinley, who took an interest in the technical education of the youth of the country.

Sparrows have built their nest in the hand of Daniel Webster's statue in Central Park, New York. Had they heard that "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush?"

Ex-President Cleveland, democrat, has bought a monopoly of the fishing and hunting rights in and about Buzzard's Bay. He forms the whole of the trust.

Barnum and Bailey's circus gave the proceeds of one performance at Toulouse, France, to the Martinique relief fund. The amount was \$9,000.

Charles M. Schwab says that to give weary ones rest is better than to give money, which often does more harm than good.

The republican party can win before the people on the magnificent fulfillment of its pledge to Cuba and to the world.

## HAS A RIGHT TO HOLD OFFICE.

Opinions Have Been Rendered as to the Legality of County Treasurer to Succeed Himself.

In another column of this paper appears the announcement of the candidacy of County Treasurer Gridley for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the will of the Republican County Convention.

We have received the legal opinion of Maurice T. Maloney, Attorney General of Illinois, in which he submits his opinion upon the power of a county treasurer, elected to fill vacancy, to succeed himself by election, in which he says:

"I am of the opinion that where a person is either elected or appointed to serve an unexpired term of the office of Sheriff or Treasurer, he is not, by reason thereof, rendered ineligible to succeed himself, if the people see fit to elect him to such office."

A similar case is that of John S. Winthrop, who was elected sheriff of Perry county, who served less than two years, when he died, the coroner assumed the office until the general election, when John J. King, the deputy, was elected to fill out the unexpired term. In the fall of 1898 the republicans again nominated him for the office of sheriff, and he is now serving a term of four years which will expire this fall.

The case of our county treasurer seems to be similar to those in other counties in which the Attorney Generals have rendered opinions, and the opinion rendered in favor of Mr. Gridley being eligible to succeed himself seems to be well sustained. The office of treasurer has been filled satisfactorily to the people of Lake county in the short time Mr. Gridley has held the office, and if he is nominated for that important office will continue to be a servant of the people in his pleasant and agreeable way.

## LOOKS LIKE SHORT SIGHTED POLICY

(From our Waukegan Correspondent.)

A gentleman purchased a twenty-five cent commutation ticket at the window of the company's office at Waukegan a few days since at the same time another patron stepped up and called for a ticket to Chicago, price \$1.08. Leaving the window at the same time the latter asked, how does it happen that I am obliged to pay \$1.08 for a ride to Chicago when you can go on your ticket for 47 cents? O, that's easy—the regular and legal fare is three cents a mile thirty-six times three equals \$1.08. You can buy a monthly ticket, sixty rides for about seventeen and a half cents per ride, but this ticket is not transferable. The stranger could see the point well enough but he didn't like its application.

Of course the railroad company have a freight schedule as well, which is invariably taxed on all freight as per classification of the goods received and shipped, and it seems to be as flexible as that of the passenger service. Since the harbor became useful to shippers by making water transportation available. The Barry steamer was the carrier of nearly all the freight "in and out" from this port and Chicago. Last year owing to some cause shipments began to slack off, almost at a loss to the steamer. This year the boat has so far failed to its daily trips because of a lack of encouragement and want of patronage. Efforts are being made by interested citizens in petitioning to the city council to concede to the Barry Transportation company free use of the dock and warehouse. Ordinarily water transportation is very much cheaper than by rail, but sufficient freight and passengers are necessary to at least pay expenses. That these rates were met by rebates to certain shippers, or some valuable inducement in order to retain its former patrons is evident from the reduced revenue to the boat line.

Not long since the merchants of this city petitioned the railroad company to withdraw its commutation tickets, pleading that they lost very much trade in consequence, and no doubt they do, but so far that effort failed, and yet our merchants will patronize the railroad to the extent of driving the water transportation traffic away, thus depriving Waukegan of this amount of tonnage which is a matter of great importance in securing needed government appropriations to maintain as well as to improve the harbor. Possibly too, when this is done the regular rates may be re-established.

**\$19.00 To Boston and Return \$19.00**  
\$22 To Boston and Return via New York \$22  
via Nickel Plate Road, account of meeting of Christian Scientists, June 15 to 18, Tickets on sale June 12, 13 and 14, with open return limit of June 21. By depositing tickets with joint agent in Boston on or before June 21, extended limit returning, until July 31 may be obtained. Stop-over at Niagara Falls, in either direction if desired. Three trains daily. Through vestibule sleeping cars. American club meals served in dining cars on Nickel Plate Road; also meals a la carte. Address John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, for reservation of sleeping car space and other information. 39w8

**Must Wait Till the Car Stops.**  
Berlin residents have been warned by the police president that he will, if the practice is persisted in, make it a punishable offense to alight from electric cars while they are in motion.

**Sacred River of India.**  
The Indus, the second sacred river of India, is 1,700 miles long. Its waters have always been considered almost as holy as those of the Ganges.

## Public School Entertainment.

One of the most pleasing patriotic entertainments the writer ever attended was given to the public at what is known as Benn Hill school house Decoration Day, May 30th. The whole school, consisting of only seven scholars, gave the following program:

March and Song.  
Song—"Star Spangled Banner".....School  
Reading—Lincoln's Gettysburg Address.....Mabel King, age 8 yrs.  
Recitation—"Love of Country".....Mabel King

Song—"Before All Lands".....School  
Recitation—"The Best Day".....Clarence Holdorf, age 7

Recitation—"Our Heroes' Flowers".....Oliver Hunter, age 9  
Song—"Little Star".....Marie Hoyt and Ernest Thomsen, ages 6 and 7

Recitation—"The Veteran".....Frank Klopp, age 9

Song—"The Soldier's Grave".....School  
Recitation—"Our Country".....Harry Holdorf, age 18

Recitation—"Our Fathers".....Mabel King  
Song—"Sleep Soldier, Gently".....School  
Dialogue—"Star Spangled Banner".....Frank Klopp and Harry Holdorf  
Song—"Flag of the Free".....School  
March and Song.

Too Much praise cannot be given to the teacher and instructor, Miss Olga Lovegren.

## Auction Sale.

John Wolski will sell at auction, on the old Murrie farm, 1 1/4 miles west of Millburn and 4 miles east of Loon Lake, Monday, June 9, at one o'clock, the following: Bay mare 10 years old, horse colt 2 years, bay colt 1 year; 86 breeding ewes from 4 to 6 years old with lambs. Double carriage harness, nearly new; heavy express harness, lawn mower, new single top buggy made by Sechter & Co., planker, new; set whiffletrees, set of 3-horse whiffletrees, 2 neck yokes, washing machine, 2 hand saws, Garlington cook stove, 3 tables, 3 heating stoves, center table, 2 sofas, 3 beds, cot, dozen chairs, 2 rocking chairs, crockery, dishes and small farm tools; churn, 4 fly nets, 4 horse blankets, 2 carpets, etc. Usual terms. H. D. Hughes, Auc.

To Boston and Return at One Fare via New City City

If desired for the round trip via Nickel Plate Road, for Christian Scientists meeting in June. Tickets on sale June 12, 13 and 14, with extended return limit of July 31. Stop-over to visit Niagara Falls enroute also granted. Write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, for detailed information. 39w3

## A Certain Indication.

Allice—I wonder how old Miss Sereleaf is? Anne—Well, she is certainly over forty. Whenever she speaks of herself and friends she always says "We girls."—Judge.

Genius is a superior aptitude to patience.—Buffon.

## Christian Scientists.

meeting in Boston, June 15 to 18. It will be to your advantage to obtain rates applying over the Nickel Plate Road before purchasing elsewhere. Tickets on sale June 12, 13, and 14. Final return limit July 31. Call on or address, John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. 39w3

## Steel Platinum from Cars.

Parisian thieves have discovered a new method, which has taken the form of abstracting the platinum tubes from the interior of motor cars. Hundreds of thefts of this kind have been committed during the past few weeks.

## The Wisconsin Central Railway

Maintains a daily train service between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth, reaching Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Marshfield, Ironwood and Bemidjia as well as the principal points of Wisconsin enroute. Connections with roads, running South, East, West and North, are made at terminal points. Pullman Sleepers are attached to all night trains and meals are served a la carte. Any agent of the Wisconsin Ry. will be pleased to give you further information, furnish tickets and reserve sleeping car accommodations.

Jas. C. Fox, Gen. Pass. Ag't, Milwaukee, Wis.

## Wedge & Hook

Have just received two carload of  
**WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND RUN-ABOUTS,**  
Both in Steel and Rubber Tire

—FROM THE—

**Racine Wagon & Carriage Co.,**  
RACINE, WIS.

These Buggies and Wagons are all made of the best and seasoned material, made by skilled mechanics, and are in every way the equal, if not the superior, of any manufactory in the United States.

## BUGGIES, SURREYS and ROAD WAGONS

At prices that will astonish you and within the reach of all.

## DO NOT BUY

Till you have seen our stock and get our prices, for we have them to sell and will give you the benefit of our low prices.

**WEDGE & HOOK,**  
Antioch and Rollins, Ill.

## Dreaded 17-Year Locust Moving Against Illinois.

Millions in number the dreaded seventeen-year locusts—plague of Kansas years ago—are moving against Illinois.

Henry W. Lehman discovered the advance guard at West Baden, Ind. He captured a male and female and brought them securely caged to Health Commissioner Reynolds. The city chemist once trained his microscopes upon them and found that they were indeed the dread insects. Mr. Lehman reported to Dr. Reynolds that there were great numbers of them at West Baden, and that more were coming every day. The locust says Dr. Reynolds breeds with great rapidity. Millions today will be billions tomorrow. When years ago, Kansas was visited, the locusts stopped railroad trains, ate up counties of crops, and caused a plague unequalled in the state. The damage to Illinois and Indiana would be enormous.

## Cheap Excursions.

If you want to join any of the following select car parties write at once to J. M. Turner, Special excursion agent, Wisconsin Central Ry., 400 east water st. Milwaukee, Wisconsin, for full particulars:  
April 23—A 20 day trip to California going one route and returning another.  
June 1—A 30 day trip to California, going via Chicago and Denver and returning via Yellowstone Park and St. Paul.  
July 1—A thirty day trip to Boston going via Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, Montreal and Quebec, returning via New York and Washington.  
July 7—A 30 day trip to National Educational Ass'n. Meeting at Minneapolis, thence to Vancouver going via Banff, Lake Louise and Glacier in the Canadian Pacific Ry. returning via Northern Pacific Ry., through Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Yellowstone Park, Duluth, Superior and Ashland.

## Kenosha Man Receives \$5,000.

Peter H. Guttersen of Kenosha is to be reimbursed by the United States government to the extent of \$5,000 for injuries received while at work on the government bridge at Moline, Ill., in 1882. He received such serious injuries at the time that he has been unable to work since, and now after waiting twenty years he will receive his compensation. Senators Spooner and Quarles and Representative Cooper assisted in securing the claim for Mr. Guttersen.

## Illinois Central Through to Florida.

Beginning Monday, Jan. 6, 1902, the Illinois Central will run a through sleeping car between Chicago and Jacksonville, Florida, via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. It will leave Chicago daily at 6:10 p. m. and arrive at Jacksonville the second morning, running over the celebrated "Dixie Flyer" scenic route. This is an extension of its all-the-year-round Chicago and Nashville sleeping-car line.

## Mole Catcher Discharged.

Keighley (England) authorities have discharged their mole catcher, no moles having been seen on the parish farm for the last eight years.

## \$19.45 To Saratoga and Return \$19.45

via Nickel Plate Road, to leave Chicago June 5, 6, 8, and 9, open return limit until June 17, 1902. By depositing ticket with Agent, Terminal lines, on or before June 17, and payment fee of fifty cents, an extension until July 2, 1902 may be obtained. City Ticket office, 111 Adams St., Chicago. Phone Central 2057. 40w1

## Makes a Million By May Oats Deal.

James A. Patten, a prominent board of trade operator, brought to a successful close Saturday the corner in May oats which has dominated the oat market since last fall. It is said Patten had between ten and twelve million bushels of May wheat and his profits will reach nearly \$1,000,000.

## Saratoga Excursion.

June 5, 6, 8 and 9 at rate of \$19.45 for the round trip. Final return limit July 2, 1902, via Nickel Plate Road. Three daily trains to New York and Boston. City ticket office 111 Adams St., Chicago. Phone Central 2057. 40w1

## MRS. SEYMOUR,

ON LAKE STREET,

has returned from the city with a SELECT AND STYLISH

## Midsummer Millinery Stock

including the MODISH VEIL DRAPE, now the rage, silk lace scarfs, children's white mull hats and caps, new veillings in black and white, nice assortment of pearl ornaments, and other new fads too numerous to mention.

MRS. SEYMOUR

also takes orders for

## Tailor-Made SUITS

At very low prices for the month of June and July. 25 per cent reduction. Call and see for yourselves.

MRS. GEO. SEYMOUR.

## Liver Pills

That's what you need; something to cure your biliousness and give you a good digestion. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation and biliousness. Gently laxative. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or black? Then use the  
**BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR WHISKERS**  
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

# Grocery Prices

Pettijohn's Breakfast Food—14c or 2 packages for.....25c  
California Wheatine—14c or 2 packages for.....25c  
Grape Nuts—The celebrated brain food, per package.....12c  
Shredded Wheat Biscuit—per package.....10c  
Health Food Co.'s "Wheatena"—the 25c package for.....19c  
Baker's Premium Chocolate—per pound.....29c  
Huyler's Vanilla Chocolate—per 1/4 pound package.....7c  
Huyler's Cocoa Shells—per pound package.....15c  
Lyon's Waukegan Baking Powder—per pound.....10c  
Coffee—Our special 12c Rio, on sale now at.....10c  
Laundry Starch—the Magic, Velvet, Laundro or Celluloid, per package.....5c  
Lenox Washing Soap—at 8 bars for.....25c  
Amber Ivory, German Mottled, Armour's and American Family Soap—at 8 bars for.....25c  
Flint's "Carnival" Smoking Tobacco—5c pkg at 7 for.....25c  
"Tarpon"—the best Smoking Tobacco, at per pound.....35c  
"Gold Coin"—our famous Smoking Tobacco, at per lb.....20c

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Graduate of Chicago Musical College, will accept a limited number of pupils

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Through "Dixie Flyer" Sleeping-Car Lines to Jacksonville and Chicago to Jacksonville. Route via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta.

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.  
Loan and Diamond Brokers  
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.  
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores.  
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Will be paid to any artist-pennman, drawing up by the first of August, a single line portrait of President Roosevelt, the same being an improvement upon that drawn by Thomas Fleming of President McKinley, a photo-engraved copy of which can be seen in the book "AROUND THE PAN," (at all book stores or postpaid \$2.00) which is one of the most popular books of the day, the only one giving an accurate account of the Pan-American Exposition, where our late President met his death at the hand of an assassin.

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## FOR A LIMITED TIME

We will send free to any person enclosing ten cents in stamps a handsome thirty-four page booklet, containing twenty-seven of the most striking pen and ink sketches ever made of the present famous men in Congress and of Washington life, together with a credit pass of \$1.00 receivable in part payment of any book we publish.

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1059 Third Ave., New York.

## FOR SALE.

1 Second-hand Surrey, 1 Buggy, 1 Single Harness, 3 Buggy Poles, 1 four-passenger trap.  
All in first-class condition, and if you don't want them, don't make an offer.  
21yl L. B. GRICE, Antioch, Ill.

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has Money To Loan  
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire 29yl

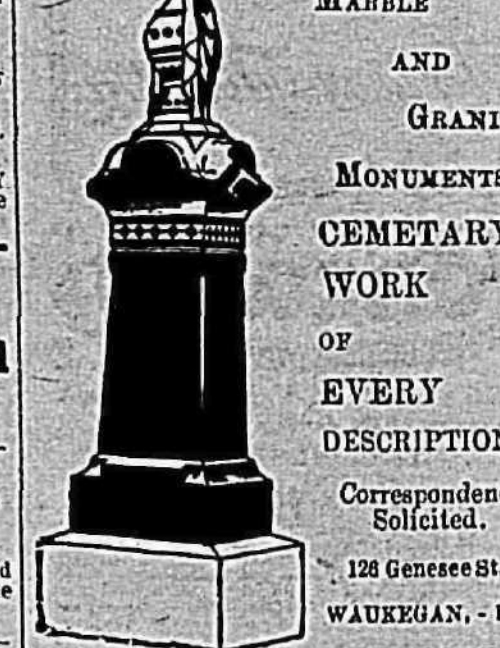
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MONUMENTS,  
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# Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it.

**Cures all stomach troubles**  
Prepared only by E. C. Dr. VITZ & Co., Chicago  
Each bottle contains 7 1/2 times the 50c. size.



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## Hail NEW SPRING GOODS.

Embracing the finest line of styles for SHIRT WAISTS,

in such goods as....

New Madras, Hispania Woven Mercerized Silk, Zephyr Gingham, Sateens, Percales and Prints.

New Dress Goods, including....

Como Batiste, Borderie Vienne, Celtic Cords, Mille Raye Dimities, Raye Dentelle's and Flambeaus, New Black and White Lawns, Ponge Madras, Skirtings, Allover tucking Embroideries and Laces, Beadings, Gallons in White, Ecru and the new Arabian color.

Latest effects in Chiffon Veiling.

Call and see the New Wash Ribbons at only 5c to 10c.

## Spring sale of SHOES---

We are now opening spring styles of the Celebrated "SELZ" SHOE

You are probably aware that Selz, Schwab & Co. are the largest makers of shoes in the world. While they make the most they also aim to make the best. We believe they do, therefore we sell them.

On these goods, noted for their superior style, finish, fit and wearing qualities, we are now making lower prices than the same goods can be bought in this U. S. of America.

We give you here a sample price:

Selz Royal Blue Men's Shoe, 3.50  
this same shoe which we sell at \$3.50 is sold at the uniform price of \$5.00 on State street and thousands of them sold at that price.

Selz Woman's Walking Boots, 1.75  
Selz Woman's Vici Kid Shoe, 2.75

The above are only a few of the sample prices which we are making on the full line of these shoes.

We are also closing out some odd lines at very low prices, many of them at 25 per cent of manufacturers cost price.

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Buggies and Farm Implements

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## Hardware, Stoves, Glass, Cutlery,

WIRE, NAILS, AND SPORTING GOODS.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Cordage, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools, Lead, Oil, Paints, Colors and Brushes.

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Ice Cream Soda  
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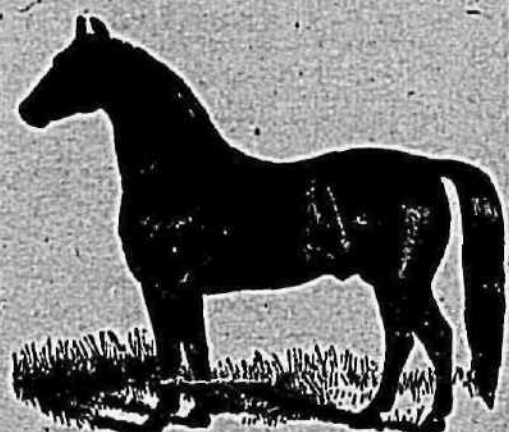


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WORLD'S BEST  
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FRENCH COACH STALLION.

Four years old, weight 1800 lbs, height 16 hands, by Perfection. Dam Imported Fythia, by Pacer 2nd. Will make the season of 1902

AT MY BARN IN BRISTOL.

TERMS—\$18.00 to insure a mare with foal; \$25.00 for two.

Visitors welcome. C. E. ALLEN, and stock shown on Pleasant Prairie, all days except Sunday, Wisconsin 87-1

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by destroying the germs that cause fermentation. If you have Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Colic, Diarrhoea, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuritis, Paralysis of the Heart or Stomach, or send us \$1.00 for 10 c. bottle guaranteed to relieve, sent prepaid. Descriptive book free. Sulphogen Chemical Co., 1824 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

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## MADE HARD WORK FOR SERVANT

Warned the Colonel That His Yarns Were Too Strong.

A certain colonel somewhere in the south (no matter where) was in the habit of telling yarns and greatly exaggerating. He had a negro servant who corroborated everything his master told. One day the colonel had some gentlemen to dinner, and they were enjoying some fine venison very much. The colonel said: "Yes, I went hunting the other day and saw a fine buck. I took a good sight at him and shot him through the head and the bullet went through his hind leg." The gentlemen looked at each other a little mystified. The negro scratched his head and at last said: "Yes, indeed, gentlemen, just as massa raised the gun to shoot de buck he raise his hind leg and scratch his ear, and the bullet went through the head and right through de hind leg." The gentlemen looked more satisfied. After the guests had left the negro said to his master, "Gorry mighty, massa, next time you tell one of dem yarns do get de ends closther togedder. I had hard work to make both ends meet."

**Chance for Inventors.** The agricultural department of Queensland has offered a reward of £5,000 for the discovery of a means of eradicating the "prickly pear" pest, which is a cactus imported from America. The remedy must not cost more than a certain sum per acre.



Miss Ida M. Snyder.

Treasurer of the Brooklyn East End Art Club.

"If women would pay more attention to their health we would have more happy wives, mothers and daughters, and if they would observe results they would find that the doctors' prescriptions do not perform the many cures they are given credit for."

"In consulting with my druggist he advised McElin's Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught, and so I took it and have every reason to thank him for a new life opened up to me with restored health, and it only took three months to cure me."

Wine of Cardui is a regulator of the menstrual functions and is a most astonishing tonic for women. It cures scanty, suppressed, too frequent, irregular and painful menstruation, falling of the womb, white and flooding. It is helpful when approaching womanhood, during pregnancy, after childbirth and in change of life. It frequently brings a dear baby to homes that have been barren for years. All druggists have \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

**WINE OF CARDUI**

## Why She Changed Her Mind.

He had been a friend of the family for some time, but, from his general mien and behavior, she had hardly looked at him in the light of a possible suitor. "You will come to our fair to-morrow evening, Mr. Cadman, of course?" she said, with a bewitching smile. "And you must bring lots of money with you." Mr. Cadman was so overcome by this smile that he was on his knees before he knew it and presently everything was as it should be. "George, dear," the girl said, later on—and she said it thoughtfully—"perhaps it will be as well for you not to bring too much money to-morrow evening. We ought both to practice economy, you know."

## Special Decoration Day Rates

Over the Nickel Plate Road, at one fare for the round trip, within a radius of 150 miles from starting point. Tickets on sale May 29 and 30, good returning from destination to and including May 31, 1902. Three through trains daily in each direction between Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Boston and New England points. Every facility offered for the comfort of the traveling public. Fast time and low rates. Meals in dining cars on A la Carte plan. For particulars: write or call on John Y. Calahan, Gen. Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, Phone Central 2037. 38w2

## We Are the Wealthiest Nation.

The standing of the United States with her neighbors, and especially with those of Europe, is illustrated by some statements made by the London Daily Mail Year Book for 1902. Under the head of wealth it places the United States at the head of the list of great nations, the figures of wealth being: United States, \$16,350,000,000; United Kingdom, \$11,806,000,000; France, \$9,690,000,000; Germany, \$8,052,000,000; and Russia, \$6,425,000,000. While the United States heads the list of countries in its wealth, it shows the smallest national indebtedness.—Lancet's Weekly.

## For Decoration Day.

The Nickel Plate Road will sell tickets at one fare for a round trip within a radius of 150 miles from starting point, on May 29 and 30, with return limit May 31. When going east patronize the Nickel Plate Road. Vestibule sleeping cars on all trains and excellent A la Carte dining-car service. For detailed information address John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Phone Central 2037. 38w2

## Effete Slang.

The worst use of slang is not when it is fresh and piquant, but when it becomes stale and passes into the regular vocabulary of the people, to the exclusion of good English. Such expressions as "I can see his finish," when they are first uttered, are often used with considerable humorous effect. But the language is impoverished and vulgarized by the habitual use of "turn down" for reject, "call down" for a mild rebuke, "roast" for a severe one, etc. After these expressions have been used for a certain time they ought to be taken out of circulation, along with the ragged banknotes.

## ADJOINING

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

## TOWNS

### LAKE VILLA.

W. Barnstable has built a new sidewalk on his lot adjoining J. M. McNulty's.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Zitt, of Waukegan, visited Sunday at W. G. Barnstable's.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Lyons are enjoying a visit from Mrs. Lyons' mother from Tennessee.

The second saloon was opened for business Monday evening. Mr. Keefer is the proprietor.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. H. Hendricks on Sunday, June 1st, a baby boy; also Friday, May 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Wilton, a girl.

School closed Tuesday for the long summer vacation. Pupils, teachers and friends held a school picnic Wednesday at Fox Lake.

A very enjoyable social time was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Rowling last Friday evening. About thirty-five were present.

Mrs. M. S. Miller, Miss Gertrude Miller, Mrs. J. McMahon, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Lyons spent Friday in Chicago. Mrs. Miller and Miss Gertrude remained till Sunday evening.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Schand died Saturday, May 31st, being less than two weeks old. Interment was in the Angola cemetery. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of the entire community.

During the summer months the Junior Epworth League will hold its devotional meetings Monday afternoon instead of Sunday afternoon. The first meeting under the new plan will be Monday, June 9th. There will be no meeting of the league on next Saturday, but a full rehearsal of the Children's Day program at the same hour.

Next Sunday, June 8, will be observed as children's day at the M. E. church. A special program of speaking and singing will be rendered by the children and a short address given by the pastor. A special collection will be taken to meet the benevolent appointment for foreign mission church extension and education. Everybody, both young and old invited. Come and bring your pocketbooks.

### TREVOR, WIS.

Harry Kimmel was on our streets Sunday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Baethke, June 3 a baby girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Smithcamp spent Sunday in Burlington.

Mr. Kennedy is on the gain, also little Chester Montgomery.

Mrs. Emmons, of Clinton, Iowa, is visiting Mrs. L. A. Havens.

Mr. Frank Moore will lecture at Liberty Corners Thursday evening.

Mr. Smithcamp's youngest child broke his arm one day last week.

Mrs. L. A. Havens and Rev. Moore spent Decoration day at Richmond.

Ladies Aid society meets with Mrs. Geo. Patrick next Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Terpin, of Chicago, visited his daughter-in-law a few days last week.

Miss Fern Taylor gave a birthday party to a few of her little friends last week.

Mrs. Gever's sister and husband and mother, from Chicago, are visiting her.

Mr. and Mrs. Mort Neff, of Bigfoot Prairie, visited his sister, Mrs. John Emmeley.

School closes here this week after a successful term with Miss Gertrude Booth as teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Booth returned from Chicago Sunday after spending a few days with their daughter, Mrs. Swan.

### EAST FOX LAKE.

E. F. Galiger was a Grayslake visitor Sunday.

Mrs. A. Reece visited friends at Nippersink recently.

Mr. Zitt and wife, of Waukegan, are visiting at James Barnstable's.

Mr. George Wait and wife were the guests of A. Tweed several days of last week.

Annie Galiger and Maud Wilkinson, of Fort Hill were the guests of Grace Galiger Sunday.

Mr. Barlow, of Waukegan, has had several men at work improving the Fox Lake cemetery.

Mr. Carl Serenson and wife entertained the latter's brother, Mr. Bockelman, of Chicago, several days.

### Foreigners in New York.

The foreign-born element in New York city number 1,270,069, of whom Great Britain has contributed 265,452, Scandinavia 49,061, the Teutonic countries 297,042, the Latin races 161,596, the Slavonic countries 245,144 and Asiatic countries 8,946.

### Young Woman's Cataleptic Sleep.

A young woman of Montreal, Miss Eva Roch, has had for the fourth year running a fit of cataleptic sleep. Three years ago she was in a trance for twenty-eight days. The sleep always comes the week before Christmas.

### GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mrs. Euclid Hendee moved into Mrs. Luska house on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Potter, of Missouri, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Atwell is entertaining Mrs. Cummings and family of Chicago.

Mrs. L. A. Bucknam is entertaining her daughter, from Antigo, Wisconsin.

Mrs. Reabine and children visited relatives and friends at Burlington the past week.

The Grayslake and Ivanhoe schools will hold a picnic in Wicks grove on Saturday June 14.

Mrs. Flarey accompanied her daughter, Mrs. Rieckhoff to her home at Franksville, on Thursday.

Albert Boyce is dangerously ill at his home here, Dr. Brown, of Waukegan, was called for counsel on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Smith went to the Presbyterian hospital at Chicago, on Wednesday where she is being treated.

The church Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. G. E. Strang, on Wednesday afternoon, June 11. Visitors always welcome.

Mrs. Merton Smith, who was called here by the illness of her brother, Deyo Morrill, returned to her home in Beloit, on Wednesday. Deyo having recovered from his illness.

A little daughter arrived at the Gardiner house on Wednesday, its parents being station agent Wagner and wife. Mr. Wagner has rented the upper rooms of Otto Johnson's house and intends moving soon.

### MILLBURN, ILL.

Miss Carrie Bater is visiting at Guinee.

Mrs. Geo. Mitchell was a Waukegan visitor Thursday.

Mrs. W. Wentworth left Saturday morning for a short visit to Chicago.

Frank Wentworth informed me that he has sold all his tomato plants.

Herman Book, of Antioch paid his pleasant annual visit here Friday.

Mrs. Watskie and family have returned after a short visit at Milwaukee.

Mrs. Robert Strang returned home Tuesday after a weeks visit in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stewart were present at the Missionary tea Wednesday.

C. B. Cummings has returned after a ten days visit with friends in Wisconsin.

The inspector has got his men at work and the sidewalks are much improved.

Richard Pantall and W. F. Wentworth were visitors at the Fowler Farm Wednesday.

Robert Jamison, of Chicago is on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Jamison.

Miss Alice Cunningham won the gold watch at the dance in Antioch Wednesday evening as the most popular young lady present.

E. A. Martin and Ralph Spafford attended the dance at Antioch Wednesday evening.

The thank offering and Missionary ten at the church Wednesday afternoon was largely attended.

Miss Stela Hardy, of Waukegan, was the guest of Mrs. Geo. Mitchell Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Maggie Watson, of Chicago who has been visiting her mother and sister returned home Friday morning.

The meeting of the Literary Club at the parsonage Friday evening was a pleasant affair and a large attendance.

Mr. Norman Adams and Miss Mable Adams, of Chicago Lawn, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Pantall.

### Canadian Hay for Africa.

Canada's entire surplus crop of hay and oats is being marketed this year to the British government for the use of the army in South Africa. An extra fleet of steamers is transporting this forage to the seat of war.

### The Towers of Silence.

The Towers of Silence are two tall towers used by the Parsees as cemeteries. They never bury their dead, but leave the body exposed on the top of one of these towers until the sun and the rain and the fowls of the air have cleaned the bones of all flesh. Then the bones are collected and placed in the other tower.

### How the Butter Was Decorated.

Mrs. Blank, who keeps summer boarders, had bought her butter for some months of a neighbor named Jones, living not far distant, says Lippincott's Magazine. The butter was made into pretty little half-pound pats and so peculiarly marked and ornamented that one day, when little Sally Jones had brought the butter as usual, Mrs. Blank said to her in the presence of several of the boarders: "How does your mother make all of these strange marks on the butter, Sally?" "Oh, she does that with her false teeth, ma'am," was the frank and paralyzing reply.



# The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

## WEEK'S NEWS RECORD

The safe of the treasurer of Hardin County at Kountze, Texas, was blown by burglars and all the county money stolen. The burglars and citizens had a battle at Silsbee, ten miles east, at daylight. One burglar was wounded, but all escaped.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, who was sentenced to the Shawnee County, Kan., jail May 10 for one month and ordered to pay a fine of \$100, at the rate of a dollar a day, for smashing saloon fixtures, has been pardoned by Gov. Stanley. Her fine also was remitted.

A grade crossing accident on the Erie Railroad near Sugar Grove, Pa., resulted in almost blotting out one family and the maiming for life of every member of another. The party occupied a double-seated carriage on their way to visit relatives at Jamestown, Pa.

Several hundred Miami Indians living in northern Indiana will lay claim to the Ohio courts to immense tracts of land in Mercer County, Ohio, now held by well-to-do white people. Members of the Godfrey family of Miami and Grant counties are back of the effort.

In a wreck of east-bound train No. 4 on the Northwestern Railroad near Otis, Iowa, ten persons are reported seriously injured, one of whom, Capt. Cook of San Francisco, is not expected to survive. The injured were occupants of a rear sleeper, the only coach that left the track.

A hold daylight robbery, in which the highwayman secured checks and money orders to the amount of \$2,583.80 by holding up Sigmund Majawski at the corner of Will street and Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, was followed by the arrest of the supposed robber within an hour and his identification by the victim.

Teamsters' strike caused riots in various parts of Chicago, the battles between the mobs and the police being fierce. Nearly a score of persons were injured more or less severely. Forty-one arrests were made. Teamsters themselves took no part in the conflicts, the hoodlum and anarchist elements figuring in the combats.

Emma, the daughter of William Ross, a farmer residing near Keptville, N. Y., was burned to death. The young woman was doing some painting and had put a can of paint on the stove to thicken it, when the paint exploded and set fire to the house. Miss Ross in endeavoring to extinguish the flames was so badly burned that she died shortly afterward.

In Buffalo, N. Y., the Manning malt-house, together with a quantity of grain damaged in the fire at the Wells elevator a few weeks ago, was burned. A high wind blew firebrands and sparks to a great distance, setting fire to the roofs of sixteen dwellings, only one of which, however, was destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$150,000, partially covered by insurance.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball League:

W. L.	W. L.
Pittsburg . . . 30	Philadelphia . . 23
Chicago . . . 23	12 New York . . 15
Brooklyn . . . 17	19 Cincinnati . . 14
Boston . . . 15	19 St. Louis . . 13

The clubs of the American League stand as follows:

W. L.	W. L.
Philadelphia 20	12 Baltimore . . 17
Boston . . . 20	14 St. Louis . . 15
Chicago . . . 18	14 Washington . 15
Detroit . . . 16	15 Cleveland . . 11

### BREVITIES.

President John Henry Barrows of Oberlin College died at Oberlin, Ohio, of pneumonia.

N. F. Graves, a mining man, shot and killed his wife and fatally shot himself at Salt Lake City.

A chime of ten bells at Lincoln, Neb., has been dedicated to the memory of William McKinley.

John Heiser and a young man named Cook were drowned near Philadelphia by the capsizing of a ferryboat.

Mrs. Nettie R. Craven of San Francisco has abandoned all her suits against the Fair estate, having been paid \$30,000.

The Robinson Machine and Manufacturing Company's plant at Monongahela, Pa., burned, causing over \$75,000 loss, fully insured.

Fifty-two indictments against gamblers have been returned by the grand jury at El Paso, Texas, and it is stated that at least 150 more will be forthcoming.

The large mill mill in Sunbury, Pa., the property of the American Steel Company, was destroyed by fire. Loss \$50,000, partially covered by insurance.

Mrs. Bessie P. Ware has been acquitted on a charge of murdering her divorced husband, John D. Ware, who was a prominent business man of Hot Springs, Ark.

The National Geographical Society has scored a great triumph through its representative, Prof. Angelo Hehrlein, who, with three guides, ascended to the top of the crater on the summit of Mount Pelee, Martinique.

## EASTERN.

Four hundred freight car builders in the Pennsylvania shops at Altoona are on strike.

Miss Alice Hay, daughter of John Hay, Secretary of State, was thrown from her carriage in Washington and painfully bruised.

Edward C. Pritchett, a Baltimore real estate dealer, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, scheduling liabilities at \$301,734 and assets of \$350.

Fire at Rockaway Beach, L. I., cost four lives and destroyed half a score of hotels and numerous other structures, causing an estimated loss of \$120,000.

Walter Bolger, the 18-year-old son of Paul S. Bolger of New York, who had been missing since Nov. 18, has been found on the naval training ship Franklin.

Mrs. Sallie E. McCall, who admits stealing \$30,000 worth of jewelry and securities from Mrs. Caroline Bradstreet at Philadelphia, has been arrested in Baltimore.

At Worcester, Mass., Nicholas LaVoy, aged 21, pawned his wife's wedding ring, used some of the proceeds to buy carbolic acid and killed himself with the poison.

A temporary sidewalk in New York gave way during the Rochambeau parade and precipitated 200 persons into an excavation, killing one and injuring eighty-seven, some of them fatally.

A conflagration which raged for two hours in the town of Jersey Shore, Pa., destroyed sixteen buildings in the business portion of the town and caused a loss of between \$25,000 and \$30,000.

With a dynamite cartridge between his teeth, Adam Kaufman seated himself under a tree at Meriden, Conn., and calmly lighted the fuse. He was blown to pieces. Kaufman was a well-known local anarchist.

The Havana Tobacco Company was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., with \$35,000,000 capital to grow and manufacture tobacco. Of the capital stock \$5,000,000 is to draw 5 per cent non-cumulative dividends.

Mrs. Rose Fleginow, wife of a New York newsdealer, killed her 4-year-old daughter Bertha by gas asphyxiation and then committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. The woman had been a sufferer from a nervous disease for several years and it is supposed she was temporarily insane.

While preparing to fire a salute at Wichita, Kan., a gun belonging to Battery A, Kansas State artillery, exploded prematurely, wounding three members of the battery. George Hatter of Peck was fatally hurt. Burt Davis of Wichita was dangerously wounded and G. W. Thomas, also of that city, was seriously hurt.

Alonso J. Whiteman, who was arrested some time ago in New York on a charge of forgery, has been discharged from custody. Whiteman was convicted and sentenced to two years and six months' imprisonment. The appellate division of the Supreme Court reversed the decision of the lower court. The charge was withdrawn.

One of the worst wrecks in the history of the West Penn Railroad occurred at a point called Porter's Curve, Pa. Two men were killed and one injured. The engine was wrecked and four freight cars loaded with valuable freight, together with a cabin car, were a total wreck. The track was torn up for a distance of several hundred yards.

Harry Hicks, aeronaut, was killed at Kingston Point, a summer resort near Kingston, N. Y. When the balloon had reached an altitude of 2,000 feet Hicks commenced the descent by means of a parachute, going slowly to 800 feet above the Hudson river. For some reason he lost his hold and fell, striking head first on a sand bar in the river.

It is reported officially that the Pennsylvania Railroad management has reached an understanding with the Goulds relating to the extension of the Wabash into Pittsburg. The Pennsylvania has agreed to allow the Wabash to intersect its lines at ten different points, practically removing all obstacles from the path of the Gould interests.

## WESTERN.

The damage by the flood in the Fountain river at Pueblo, Colo., is estimated at \$300,000.

Cass Dawson shot and killed his wife and committed suicide at Denver, both were circus performers.

Ben Bowen, an aeronaut, fell from his balloon into a lake at Manhattan Beach, near Denver, and was drowned.

Gov. Davis of Arkansas has been expelled by the Second Baptist Church of Little Rock on charges of gambling and drunkenness.

Paul J. Sorg, former Congressman and millionaire tobacco manufacturer, died at his home in Middletown, Ohio, after an illness of several years.

Former Gov. Sylvester Pennoyer died suddenly at Portland, Ore., of heart failure. Mr. Pennoyer had been in poor health for the last year.

The postoffice at Girard, Ohio, was entered by burglars, who blew the safe and secured \$382 in stamps. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to hold up Burlington express train No. 20 on the outskirts of St. Joseph, Mo., the engineer disregarding the signal.

Congressman Charles Curtis of the first Kansas district has formally announced himself a candidate for the United States Senate, to succeed Senator Martin.

Two unknown boys were struck by a Lake Shore Railroad train at Sandusky, Ohio, on the Mile bridge, across the bay, and knocked into the water. Both were drowned.

The Great Northern flyer was wrecked just east of Ojota, N. D., while running at full speed. The only person hurt is Frank Hefron, mail clerk, whose back was wrenched.

several hundred thousand dollars of Utah capital is invested, has passed into the hands of the Havemeyers.

Herbert H. Matteson, the defaulting cashier of the First National Bank of Great Falls, Mont., who pleaded guilty in the federal court, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

Henry W. Mayers, a tubular well man, while putting in a well at Grassville, Minn., and preparing a charge of dynamite, was killed by a premature explosion. His assistant was fatally injured.

A small tornado struck Lead, S. D., demolishing about twenty buildings and injuring three persons, none of whom, however, is fatally hurt. The property damage in this city is estimated at \$150,000.

Councilman Louis Schnell and Charles L. Geraghty, a member of the St. Louis house of delegates, were arrested at St. Louis on bench warrants from the grand jury charging them with malfeasance in office.

Heavy frost caused thousands of dollars damage to Hardin County, Ohio, crops. Potatoes in all localities were badly bitten. The great onion fields are utterly ruined, likewise all tender vegetables.

Three men who were wounded in a fight with officers at Yankton, S. D., are believed to be members of a gang which has been robbing South Dakota banks. A supply of burglars' tools was found in their possession.

Edward J. Blake, consulting engineer of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, was instantly killed in a wreck near Alma, Wis., and four other general officials of the company were injured, two of them perhaps fatally.

The Arbor Day Memorial Association, has been organized at Nebraska City, Neb., to erect a monument to the memory of J. Sterling Morton, the father of Arbor day. A number of the most prominent men in the State are officers and members.

In a barroom quarrel at Tiffin, Ohio, Col. Albert Brewer, a prominent resident, threw a bottle at Luther C. Hershey, fracturing Hershey's skull. Hershey may die. Brewer was a former game commissioner of Ohio. He was released on \$10,000 bonds.

Fearing that he would lose his sweetheart and be unable to marry her in a short time, Emil Rossmann, 10 years old, shot and killed Sophia Batal, 17 years old, the sweetheart, in Chicago, and then turning his revolver on himself, fired a bullet into his brain.

As the result of a fire that partially destroyed the dwelling of Philip Sogolovitz, on Broadway, Cleveland, an unknown woman, employed as a domestic, was burned to death, while several members of the Sogolovitz family narrowly escaped with their lives.

Warrants have been issued at San Francisco for the arrest of Capt. K. F. Martins and First Officer W. C. Marstadt of the army transport Buford, charged with cruelty by a cook on the transport, who claims that he was tried up for an hour and a half.

The heirs of Ole H. Hulseng, a merchant of Fergus Falls, Minn., who bequeathed half his estate to the orphans and widows of fishermen in three provinces of Norway, have petitioned the Probate Court to set the will aside and distribute the estate of \$10,000.

The streets of Fountain, Colo., were flooded to a depth of two feet in many places by the outbreak in Fountain creek. It is reported that the section house at Wigwam was destroyed and the family drowned. Over 300 head of cattle were drowned near Butte's.

The sale of the Columbus, Lima and Milwaukee Railroad to the John D. Rockefeller interests a short time ago has been confirmed by Judge Donnelly of Lima, Ohio. B. C. Faurot, who protested against the confirmation, failed to put up the necessary bond of \$125,000.

S. George D'Essauer of Chicago, once high roller, society man and model of fashion, must go to the penitentiary. After four hours of deliberation the jury decided that the man who had spent \$80,000 of his mother-in-law's money in two years was entitled to spend a term in prison.

Fire which for a time threatened the destruction of the South Omaha, Neb., brewery did between \$25,000 and \$30,000 damage. A fortunate shift of the wind assisted the firemen. The copper shop, stables and icehouse were consumed and some damage done to the main structure.

William McPetridge has been found not guilty of the murder of his brother, Robert McPetridge, in Chicago, and the jury which returned the verdict to Judge Kavanagh was subjected therefore to a speech of censure from the bench. The acquittal of the fratricide was a surprise to everyone interested.

Frank Robinson of Nevada, Iowa, shot his sweetheart, Gertrude Rawlins, to death, wounded Albert P. Ferguson, his rival, and then fired a bullet close to his own heart. The tragedy was enacted in a small hotel in Kansas City, and was due to the fact that Robinson had been supplanted by Ferguson in the girl's affections.

The east-bound Rocky Mountain limited, the Rock Island's fastest train, met with an accident near Avoca, Iowa, while running at high speed. The center left the track and tore up the ties for nearly a mile before the speed could be reduced. Only the front cars were damaged and no passengers were seriously injured.

Jacob Graham, aged 13, a school boy, confessed to the police at St. Joseph, Mo., that he was responsible for the death of Robert C. Hunter, aged 14. Graham says he was assaulted by Hunter. In retaliation he struck Hunter with his fist, the blow taking effect on the left temple. Hunter fell, but arose and went home, where he died from concussion of the brain.

Secretary of State Rose of Illinois licensed the incorporation of the St. Louis and Newport News Railroad Company. The purpose of the company is to construct a railroad from East St. Louis to Newport News, Va., through the following counties in Illinois: Madison, St. Clair, Monroe, Washington, Randolph, Perry, Franklin, Williamson, Saline, Pope and Hardin.

The record prices for fat cattle were paid at the Kansas City stock yards the other day. A Kansas stockman received \$7.40 for thirty prime heavy steers averaging 1,035 pounds each. This price has never been surpassed at the stock yards and was equaled only once, June 10, 1882. It was for 100 head of steers sold for \$6.80, a record-breaking price.

and, weights considered, the highest rate paid at any market. The cattle were shipped from Walnut Grove, Texas.

Charles Freeman, a railroad man whose home is in Chicago, was killed and Austin Beemer and William Richardson, who were stealing a ride, were injured in a wreck near Deadwood, S. D. The train was composed of an engine and ten cars loaded with coke and limestone. While passing Kirk's station the engineer lost control on the steep downgrade and it plunged down the mountain side.

A stampede to a ledge on the Spokane reservation, Washington, from Deer Trail camp has caused considerable excitement. Fifteen or twenty men, most of them employees of the Deer Trail mines, believing the reservation would be thrown open to settlement by presidential proclamation before June 1, engaged every available horse and raced for a point near Sand Creek, about six miles east from Deer Trail, where there is said to be a great mineral showing.

## SOUTHERN.

The town of Fayette, Miss., was swept by fire. Loss estimated at \$50,000.

Perry Beckwith, a negro, was hanged at Columbus, Miss., for the murder of Mallada Williams. His relatives refused to accept his body.

Miss Della Wilcox, daughter of Capt. T. H. Wilcox, a prominent citizen of Murray, Ky., shot and killed herself while despondent over a love affair.

One dead and five seriously if not fatally injured is the result of a locomotive explosion in Manchester, Va. The accident occurred on the tracks of the Atlantic Coast Line.

A distinct earthquake shock was felt in Chattanooga, Tenn., as was accounted for by a low rumbling sound. Houses were shaken. The shock lasted for several seconds. Many persons were awakened and greatly frightened.

An epidemic of lockjaw has broken out among the cyclone injured victims of Goliad, Texas. Five persons have died during the last week. The victims so far have all been white people, but now the negroes have been attacked.

President Wagner turned off the electric lights Saturday night, the buglers sounded "taps," a salute was fired and the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition passed into history. The enterprise is a loss financially.

Traveling Auditor H. W. Oliver of the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern Railroad arrived in Knoxville, Tenn., last night and distributed the promised gift of one month's salary to all employees of the road from former President H. K. McHarg. The entire amount given employees was \$95,000 and gifts to officials being the total up to \$95,000. Mr. McHarg sold his road recently to the Louisville and Nashville.

## FOREIGN.

Jean Joseph Benjamin Constant, the painter, is dead in Paris. He was born in Paris in 1845.

Terms of surrender have been signed by Boer representatives at Pretoria, Orange Free State, and Lord Kitchener caused demonstrations of joy in London.

Owing to the large emigration of Norwegian contract laborers to Canada the authorities of Norway have prohibited foreigners from hiring laborers for export.

New Boxer outbreaks are reported in Chi Li, China, where several missionaries and a large number of converts and officials are said to have been slaughtered.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says: "Secret service officers arrested a young woman at Tarskoo-Selo, the summer residence of the Czar, carrying an internal machine concealed in a handkerchief."

News comes from Corea by steamer that famine in several districts is causing great misery and many deaths. In the Kyohia district the people were driven to stripping bark from the trees and eating it.

M. Waldeck-Reussien, the premier of France and one of the ablest men in public life the nation has possessed for several years, has resigned, and his resignation was accompanied by a similar document from each of the cabinet ministers.

The following provisional government has been constituted in Hayti: President, Bolandron Canal; Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Jerome; Minister of the Interior, M. Collin; Minister of Justice, M. Lalane; Minister of War, Gen. Nord; Minister of Public Works, M. Gesarion; Minister of Finance, M. Denneyer. The government will now take steps to assure the election of a President according to constitutional methods.

## IN GENERAL.

Mount Redoubt, Alaska, is in eruption. Ashes thrown up from the crater fell at Kenai, sixty miles away.

Immigration is now at highest point in history of United States, and is said to be due to country's great commercial prosperity.

George Kennan, Siberian traveler, visited edge of Mount Pelee crater, Martinique, on horseback. Volcano found to be split in two, with five caverns from which mud and gases flowed.

Arrangements are reported to have been made for the introduction of vaudeville entertainments on some of the ocean liners. The scheme will be given a trial on the steamer St. Paul's next trip.

A dispatch from Constantinople says a dispute has arisen between the United States and Turkey as a result of the wrongful arrest of two Armenians, who are American citizens, at Smyrna and Beirut.

The remains of Lord Pauncefote, British ambassador at Washington, were accorded a national funeral in token of the high esteem of the American people for the deceased and as an acknowledgment of the friendly feeling cherished toward Great Britain.

## CONGRESS.

In the Senate on Tuesday a fruitless effort was made to secure an agreement on a time for a vote on the Philippine bill. For several hours Mr. Patterson discussed the Philippine question. He attacked the pending bill, particularly its provisions regarding the holding of lands. Early in the session a committee was appointed by the Senate to confer with a like committee of the House about the disagreement which has arisen between the two houses as to the army appropriation bill. A resolution offered by Mr. Hoar, requesting the President to inform the Senate whether there be any law which would prevent any Filipino from being admitted to the United States and stating his views or desires as to his country to the President or to either branch of Congress, was adopted. The House passed the Philippine bill, and the Senate passed the Philippine bill, and the bill to amend the District of Columbia code. A special rule was presented to make the bill for coinage subsidiary silver a continuing order until disposed of.

In the Senate on Wednesday the Philippine question again monopolized most of the session. The conference report on the omnibus public building bill was agreed to. A joint resolution was passed providing for the printing of 20,000 copies of the proceedings of the unveiling of the statue of the Count de Rochambeau. In the House the day was spent debating the bill to increase the subsidiary coinage by coining the silver dollar in the treasury and to recoin standard silver dollars as the public necessities may require. The limit of subsidiary coinage was now \$100,000,000. The bill increases this to an indefinite amount, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury. The measure aroused the opposition of the Democrats, who claimed it was only a step in the direction of the complete striking down of the silver dollar. The debate drifted into a general discussion of the silver question. Little interest was shown and Mr. Cochran twice made the point that no quorum was present. Mr. Newlands (Nev.) finally offered an amendment to make subsidiary silver a legal tender. This was pending when the House adjourned.

On Thursday in the Senate the conference report on the river and harbor bill was agreed to and the rest of the day was devoted to the Philippine bill. The House passed the subsidiary silver coinage bill, the bill for the improvement and care of the Confederate mound in Oakwoods Cemetery, Chicago, and the bill to reduce the schedule of reserve banks to cities of 15,000 inhabitants; accepted the conference reports on the omnibus public building and fortifications appropriation bill, named Messrs. Dill (Pa.), Cannon (Ill.) and Richardson (Tenn.) to confer with the Senate committee upon the action of the House in instructing its conferees upon the army appropriation bill, and adjournment until the next Monday was then taken.

Consideration of the Philippine government bill was resumed in the Senate on Saturday and Mr. Spooner (Wis.) concluded his speech in favor of the measure. For a considerable portion of the time that he was on the floor he was engaged in a keen interchange of wit and satire with Senator Hoar of Massachusetts. Hoar made his way into the controversy on account of an old statute of the colony of Massachusetts offering prizes for the scalps of Indians being brought up by Mr. Spooner, his famous in a precedent for Gen. Smith's famous massacre order in the Philippines. During the course of Spooner's speech, Carmack (Tenn.) interfered with a slighting remark in regard to the soldiers in the Philippines, which brought out a volley of hisses from the galleries, which was supported by the chair. Carmack of the newscree occupied the floor at the night session in opposition to the Philippine bill.

In the Senate on Monday debate upon the Philippine bill, with the customary executive session, again occupied the entire day. In the House by a vote of 129 to 40 the rules were suspended and joint resolution was adopted extending the change of Congress to Secretary of State Hay for his address on the occasion of the McKinley memorial exercises last February. Unanimous consent for the consideration of this resolution was objected to by Mr. De Armond (Mo.) some time ago, and Mr. Clark (Mo.) made a twenty-minute speech in opposition to its adoption on the ground that Mr. Hay had abused the occasion by injecting a "Republican stump speech" into the address. Gen. Hoar (Miss.), a one-armed Confederate veteran, delivered an eloquent defense of Mr. Hay's address, deeming that it contained anything that was objectionable from a political standpoint. Special orders were adopted for the consideration of the anti-anarchy bill, and the bill to transfer certain forest reserves to the Agricultural Department. The Senate bill to relieve Surgeon General Sternberg and the House bill to encourage salmon culture in Alaska were defeated on motions to pass them under suspension of the rules.

Washington Notes.  
Congress is likely to remain in session till late in July.  
Senate passed omnibus public buildings bill, carrying total of \$21,235,150.  
The President will not go on the stump to help in congressional campaign.  
President Roosevelt delivered address at Arlington at unveiling of monument to soldiers who fell in Spanish war.

German Emperor is considering plan of sending the Crown Prince to America to attend unveiling of statue of Frederick the Great.

Representative Bartholdt (Mo.) has introduced a bill for the erection of an equestrian statue of Baron Steuben and appropriating \$50,000 therefor. The statue is to be erected in this city as a recognition of Steuben's friendship for the United States.

Justice Barnard of the District Supreme Court, in a decision in the mandamus case of the Chicago Business College against the Postmaster General, sustained the policy of the Postoffice Department in its extensions of certain classes of publications from the second-class mail rates.

## COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York. Many minor labor controversies have been settled, but the situation in the anthracite coal region has assumed a more serious aspect. Railway earnings continue satisfactory, roads reporting for two weeks of May show gains of 0.1 per cent over last year and 18.4 per cent over 1900. No change is reported in the iron and steel situation, former conditions merely becoming intensified by the threatened decrease in supplies of fuel and the labor controversies in certain branches of the industry. The railways are seeking rails, rolling stock, and other equipment, while contractors require much structural material. Trade conditions are thus summed up by Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review. The Review continues:

Quiet conditions have prevailed in the cereal markets, with only a moderate volume of option transactions and fractional changes in quotation. Exports of wheat, including flour, were only 3,503,008 bushels during the past week from all ports of the United States, against 5,525,180 bushels in the corresponding week last year. Small receipts of corn, amounting to only 1,203,188 bushels for the week, against 3,007,042 a year ago, held the spot price at about 70 cents.

Dispatches from correspondents of R. G. Dun & Co. indicate satisfactory progress with the new corn crop and a material increase in acreage.

### Rains Help Crops.

Telegrams to Bradstreet's point to the greatly increased area devoted to corn, and oats in receiving adequate moisture at a time when greatly needed. It will probably be found that all of the 5,000,000 acres of winter killed wheat and that lost to spring wheat by heavy rains in North Dakota will be turned into coarser grains, high prices for which have been induced by short yields and straitened supplies last year. The winter wheat crop in the Southwest is practically made.

Wheat is slightly lower on good crop reports, but straitened supplies of corn and oats make holders confident. Corn visible supplies are only half those of last year, and 60 per cent of the stock is in Chicago.

Chicago. Unless all signs fall, or something unforeseen develops, the country is in for a good measure of business activity for a considerable period to come.

The coal strike has apparently spent its greatest force as a disturbing factor. For weeks the prospect of a serious labor controversy lunging over the eastern industrial world, and was a hindrance to trade in all lines. When it finally came, business in general suffered less than had been expected. To a considerable extent the effect had been discounted. This strike is a very serious thing, and it might readily spread and be developed into something big enough to give the whole country a setback, but the business world is not looking for anything like this. There exists the firm hope that somehow, or by some means it will be fixed up in a manner mutually satisfactory.

To get the really hopeful and encouraging view of things, we must leave the east and come to the west. Here there is nothing adverse, or at least nothing important enough to be worth considering. It is really remarkable how western railroad earnings keep up. When it is considered that last year the earnings were 10 per cent greater than ever before, and that this year they are maintaining another gain of nearly 10 per cent, it will be seen how large has been the increase in the volume of traffic. Not many of the homebuilders who were in the north in the early spring were of the very poor class. Most of them have more or less money. Already they have been better buyers than was expected of them. Retailers are carrying on an active selling campaign, and the jobbers are feeling the beneficial effect.

## THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$7.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.25 to \$7.45; sheep, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 80c to 81c; corn, No. 2, 61c to 62c; oats, No. 2, 41c to 42c; rye, No. 2, 63c to 65c; hay, timothy, \$16.00 to \$16.00; prairie, \$5.50 to \$13.50; butter, choice creamery, 20c to 22c; eggs, fresh, 13c to 15c; potatoes, 10c to 11c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$7.25; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 80c to 81c; corn, No. 2 white, 65c to 66c; oats, No. 2 white, 44c to 45c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$7.40; hogs, \$3.00 to \$7.15; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2, 77c to 78c; corn, No. 2, 61c to 62c; oats, No. 2, 40c to 41c; rye, No. 2, 68c to 69c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$6.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$7.20; sheep, \$3.25 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 81c to 82c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 63c to 64c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 43c to 44c; rye, No. 2, 65c to 66c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$6.15; hogs, \$3.00 to \$6.55; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 60c to 61c; oats, No. 2 white, 45c to 47c; rye, 60c to 61c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 62c to 63c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 44c to 45c; clover seed, prime, \$5.12.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 3, 62c to 64c; oats, No. 2 white, 44c to 45c; rye, No. 1, 68c to 69c; barley, No. 2, 71c to 72c; pork, mess, \$17.10.

New York—Cattle, \$3.75 to \$7.12; hogs, \$3.00 to \$7.20; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 80c; corn, No. 2, 70c to 71c; oats, No. 2 white, 50c to 51c; butter, creamery, 21c to 22c; eggs, west, 17c to 18c.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$7.25; h



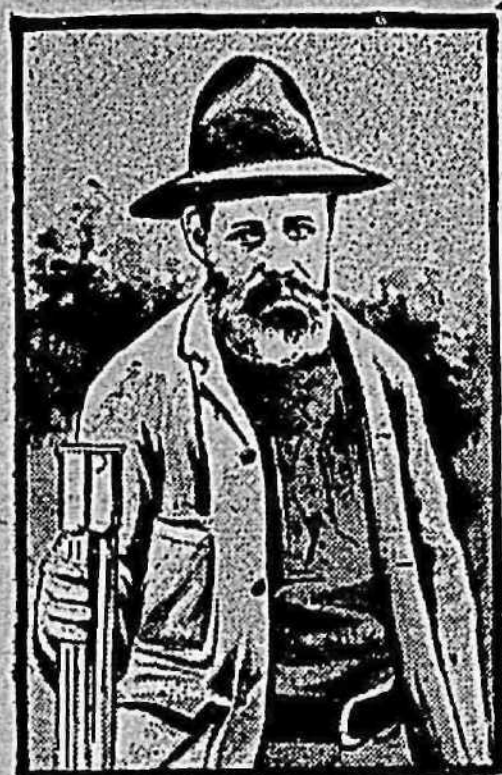
## VOLCANO A MYSTERY.

### SCIENTISTS AMAZED BY UNIQUE PHENOMENA.

Mount Pelee Eruptions Lead to Unexpected Terrors—Extreme Danger Hovers Over Island of Martinique—New Horrors May Break Out.

The eruptions of Mount Pelee are unique in the world's history. Prof. Hill, United States government geologist, who has returned to Port de France from an extended and dangerous trip to the volcano, stated that in several instances the activity of Mount Pelee was proceeding along lines unprecedented in the annals of science. He averred that extreme danger still hovers over Martinique and that in view of the extraordinary conditions prevailing it was impossible to prophesy what the volcano might do next or when the subterranean forces might take new and devastating forms.

Prof. Hill gives a detailed story of his examination of the district through which he passed. Between the hamlets of Deux Choux and Fonds St. Denis the party entered upon the outer edge of the zone of ashes. Except for occasional patches all the country to this point was green. Upon reaching the Italzand plantation,



PROF. ROBERT T. HILL.

one mile southwest of St. Pierre, the explorers met the clear line of demarcation of the zone of flame and destruction, although not of annihilation. One night was spent in a deserted house at Fonds St. Denis, from which Prof. Hill witnessed and studied the volcanic eruption of that night. Early the next morning Prof. Hill pushed on to Mount Parnasse, where several people were killed in the eruption of May 8. He encountered no human beings. From Mount Parnasse the explorer proceeded to Morne Rouge, where he succeeded in getting a number of important photographs. He found that a close approach to Mount Pelee was impossible, and as his actual position was dangerous he started back in a southerly direction.

Speaking personally of his expedition to Mount Pelee, Prof. Hill said: "My attempt to examine the crater of Mount Pelee has been futile. I succeeded, however, in getting very close to Morne Rouge. Monday night I witnessed, from a point near the ruins of St. Pierre, a frightful explosion from Mount Pelee and noted the accompanying phenomena: "While these eruptions continue no sane man should attempt to ascend to the crater of the volcano. Following the salvos of detonations from the mountain gigantic mushroom-shaped columns of smoke and cinders ascended into the clear, starlit sky and then spread in a vast, black sheet to the south and directly over my head.

"Through this sheet, which extended a distance of ten miles from the crater, vivid and awful lightning-like bolts flashed with alarming frequency. They followed distinct paths of ignition, but were different from lightning in that the bolts were horizontal and not perpendicular.

"This is indisputable evidence of the explosive oxidation of the gases after they left the crater. This is a most important observation and explains in part the awful catastrophe. This phenomenon is entirely new in volcanic history.

"I took many photographs, but do not hesitate to acknowledge that I was terrified. But I was not the only person so frightened. Two newspaper correspondents who were close to Morne Rouge some hours before me became scared, ran three miles down the mountain and landed into Fort de France.

"The people on the north end of the island are terrified and are fleeing with their cattle and effects. I spent Tuesday night in a house at Deux Choux with a crowd of 200 frightened refugees.

"Nearly all the phenomena of these volcanic outbreaks are new to science, and many of them have not yet been explained. The volcano is still intensely active and I cannot make any predictions as to what it will do."

**Shipbuilding in America.** Shipbuilding in the latter half of 1901 was active, according to the United States bureau of navigation, the product being 717 vessels of 154,073 tons, against 668 vessels of 170,220 tons in the latter half of 1900. These include 75,860 tons of wooden vessels and 78,213 tons of steam vessels. The building on the Atlantic and Gulf seaboard was 84,847 tons, while the great lakes built 45,835 tons and the Pacific coast built 18,211 tons. The total includes thirty-eight vessels of over 1,000 tons each. Four per cent of sailing vessels and 3 1/2 per cent of steamships are lost in a year.

Archbishop Corrigan will leave all his property to Bishops McDonnell of Brooklyn, Wigger of Newark, N. J., and Gabriels of Ogdensburg, N. Y., to hold as joint tenants, the final survivor to get the entire estate. Bishop Wigger is dead. The estate is valued at \$250,000.

A county election contest at Galway, Ireland, led to a series of severe fights there. Lord Morris and Killian personally led his supporters against his Nationalist opponents. A dozen men were wounded, some of them sustaining serious injuries.

## A BOY IN SPRINGTIME.



"Dog gone the luck, anyway."—Chicago Record-Herald.

### DEAF TO WARNING.

Scientist's Prediction of Disaster Ignored by Gov. Mouttet.

It is now claimed that the lives of all in St. Pierre might have been saved had it not been for the action of Gov. Mouttet. He had been given official warning of the coming catastrophe. That warning reached him several days before the disaster of May 8. He chose to disregard it, and even went so far as to order that the warning should be kept from the public.

Prof. Landes of the University of St. Pierre had been instructed by Gov. Mouttet to make an investigation of Mount Pelee. At the imminent risk of life Prof. Landes went to the crater of the volcano. He found that the forces at work were such as to make an explosion certain. Hurrying back to St. Pierre he sent a cipher dispatch to the Governor, in which he gave the warning that the volcano would not hold itself in check much longer. He even went so far as to predict the total destruction of the city of St. Pierre not later than May 8.

Instead of acting on the advice of Prof. Landes Gov. Mouttet went to St. Pierre and tried to play the fears of its inhabitants. He ordered Prof. Landes to say nothing about the conclusions he had reached.

Gov. Mouttet said that if St. Pierre was destroyed he would remain to share the fate of the inhabitants. Prof. Landes



GOVERNOR MOUTTET.

desacquiesced, saying he, too, would remain. Both lost their lives on May 8, though Gov. Mouttet was trying to escape when it was too late.

The cipher message of warning sent by Prof. Landes is still in existence, but it is held a secret by the government.

**Great Northern Flyer Ditched.** The Great Northern flyer was wrecked just east of Ojato, N. D., while running at full speed. The only person hurt is Frank Hoffron, mail clerk, whose back was wrenched.

In its official trial on the Hudson, the steam yacht Vixen, built for John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company, made the extraordinary record of 23.7 miles an hour.

### HOW THE "WATER CURE" IS ADMINISTERED.



**Slays Playmate with Fist.** Jacob Graham, aged 13, a school boy, confessed to the police at St. Joseph, Mo., that he was responsible for the death of Robert C. Hunter, aged 14. Graham says he was assaulted by Hunter. In retaliation he struck Hunter with his fist, the blow taking effect on the left temple. Hunter fell, but arose and went home, where he died from concussion of the brain.

The steamer Mount Temple cleared from New Orleans for Cape Town with 1,002 horses.

### GREAT COST OF NEWS.

Martinique Catastrophe Caused Enormous Expense to Newspapers.

The general public has no conception of what the Martinique disaster cost the newspapers. The average man pays little attention to the "special cable" line and reads the stirring news without a



ONLY CABLE ROUTE OPEN.

thought as to the cost of it. When it is known that cable messages from Fort de France cost \$2.15 a word and urgent messages \$0.45 for every word, some conception can be had of the cost of covering this calamity. But that is not all. There were the tugs, the special men and the photographers. All this mounts into the thousands, but all the big papers feel that it was worth it, and no expense was spared to get this immense story.

Cable news from Martinique has had to travel over 10,000 miles before reaching New York. The cable lines between St. Croix and Martinique, Dominica and Martinique, St. Lucia and Martinique, Guadeloupe and Martinique have been interrupted. The only route open from Martinique to the world was from Martinique to Paramaribo, from Paramaribo to Cayenne, from Cayenne to Para, from Para to Pernambuco, from Pernambuco to Cape Verde Islands, from Cape Verde Islands to Madeira, from Madeira to Lisbon, then from Lisbon to Azores Islands, connecting with the Commercial Company's system to New York and the United States of America, the route traveled being about 10,000 miles.

**Notes of Current Events.** The Comptroller of the Currency has authorized the First National Bank of Wewoka, I. T., to begin business with a capital of \$25,000.

Martin Garvin, a farmer of Nemaha County, Kan., while drilling a well, struck a twenty-five-inch vein of soft coal 175 feet under the surface.

A movement has been started to organize into a union the Pullman car conductors and porters, of whom there are 60,000 in the United States.

In its official trial on the Hudson, the steam yacht Vixen, built for John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company, made the extraordinary record of 23.7 miles an hour.

### HOW THE "WATER CURE" IS ADMINISTERED.



Natives, whose kraals were recently burned by burghers attacked a Boer langer, in the vicinity of Scheepers Nek, and killed thirty-two Boers.

There are prospects for a cotton mill in Kansas City. The preliminary steps have already been taken by the commercial organizations of the city.

Former State Senator Francis M. Wilson of Platte City, Mo., has already announced that he will be a candidate in 1904 for the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Fourth Missouri District.

## PALMA TO THE CONGRESS.

President of Cuba Outlines His Policy to Lawmakers.

President Palma's first message was delivered to the Cuban Senate Wednesday. The message opens by giving thanks to the Almighty for His assistance in carrying out the work of obtaining Cuban independence and asks divine aid in the establishment of a firm and stable government.

"Never did a people fight with more perseverance," says the message, "and sacrifice more for liberty than have the Cubans. No people, therefore, are more entitled to see their just efforts crowned with success. Together with our own heroism is the attitude of the great people who were impelled by their own love of liberty to put themselves on our side in our tenacious fight for the independence of the country. Their motive was one of generous sentiment, pure and disinterested in origin.

"Impelled by this sentiment, the powerful republic of the North recognizes, through its illustrious President, the republic of Cuba. The promise formally made has been carried out. In this moment, when we feel our right as an independent nation, it is impossible to suppress our gratitude to the United States. To recognize this debt of gratitude to the great nation is an act which exalts us and which makes us worthy of the consideration and respect of the other nations of the world."

President Palma recommends the encouragement of the agricultural industries of the island, the raising of cattle, the establishment of agricultural stations to improve the culture of sugar cane and tobacco and the introduction of varied agricultural industries.

"While the question of reciprocity is still pending," the message goes on, "it is impossible to state now what measures should be adopted to meet the pending crisis. This crisis is due to the ruinous price of sugar caused by excess production of beet sugar in Europe. An immediate remedy would be the reduction of the American tariff on sugar, to obtain which the executive will at once devote his efforts and will negotiate a treaty in order to obtain benefits for the Cuban sugar producers."

President Palma declares it is the purpose of the government to devote its attention to education, and especially to primary schools. He says the government of intervention deserves great credit for the educational system it established, but that there is a need for still more schools, as the future of the republic depends upon education. It will be the duty of the government to encourage the construction of railroads in the island and to protect the capital already invested in railroad enterprises.

"It is very satisfactory to us," says the President, "that the republic of Cuba has been officially recognized by the United States, Great Britain, France, Mexico, Guatemala, Nicaragua, San Domingo, Ecuador and Paraguay, and we hope that other countries will also recognize our republic. We must cultivate cordial relations with all nations and make treaties of amity and commerce favorable to Cuba. We must also take especial care that the relations between Cuba and the United States be most friendly in order that there be no difficulty in arranging the political and commercial questions which affect both countries. "It is also of extreme importance that there should exist uninterrupted concord between all the people of Cuba and that they should resolve to preserve the Cuban nationality."

### WEALTHY MAN SHOT.

Mysterious Attempt Upon the Life of a Chicago Millionaire.

Daniel Hill, a wealthy real estate owner formerly of Morris, Ill., and partner in the firm of George H. Phillips & Co. on the Chicago Board of Trade, was shot and seriously wounded early Sunday morning as he lay in bed at his Chicago residence at 707 Monroe street. Six shots were fired, three taking effect, one behind the left ear, one entering his nose and the other shattering his right arm. Considerable mystery surrounds the shooting. According to Mrs. Hill, she and her husband were asleep, when Mr. Hill was awakened by the forcing of a lock on the bedroom door. He reached for his revolver, but before he could use it, three men rushed into the room and fired at him. The first shot awoke Mrs. Hill and she rushed to the window and shouted for help. The police responded in a few minutes, but in the meantime, the supposed burglars had made their escape.



### Net earnings of the Alton for March were \$241,145.

All dining cars on the Lake Shore road are to be equipped with electric lights. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul has put on a line of tourist sleepers between Chicago and St. Paul.

The Santa Fe has made important concessions to its trainmen, and has increased wages in other departments.

The Cincinnati, Richmond and Muncie has been incorporated in Ohio to build the line from Cottage Grove to Cincinnati.

The Oregon and Southeastern Railway Company, with a capital of \$1,000,000, has been incorporated to construct a road in Oregon.

The Wabash "Continental Limited" made a new record the other night between Decatur and St. Louis, cutting two minutes off the best previous record.

The St. Louis and Kansas City roads will give cheap summer rates from those points and intermediate territory between them and the resorts of the Northwest.

The railroads reaching the fishing resorts of upper Michigan and the lake country north of Chicago have put in operation the usual fishermen's excursion rates.

Three of the through passenger trains of the Lake Shore road will be supplied with books from the Booklovers' library at the end of every run. Members of the organization may exchange books on the trains or take them to their homes.

## AROUND A BIG STATE

### BRIEF COMPILATION OF ILLINOIS NEWS.

Tornadoes Felt in Several Places.—Innocent Man Doing Time in Joliet.—Merger of Rich Coal Lands—Fatal Fire at Marion.

Bellefonte was swept by a wind, hail and rain storm. The wind came from the southwest, and resembled a tornado in force and destructiveness. The roof of the National Hotel was lifted, and the upper floor was flooded with rain. The damage to the hotel is heavy. The streets were filled with debris; trees were blown down and stripped of their branches, windows were broken, and business signs hurled about. Citizens feared a tornado, and went into cellars. The wind was as strong as on the day of the tornado in St. Louis. At O'Fallon a tornado raged for more than an hour. The roof of Wachter's opera house was blown from the building, causing heavy damage. Several persons were hurt and many dwellings unroofed. The Darrow mine's shafting was blown down, causing heavy damage to that property. A tornado of fierce proportions passed through the village of Huntley, spreading destruction in its path. Cornell Brothers' mammoth creamery was the principal piece of property damaged. A large iron smokestack was blown over, crashing through the building. A large stock barn in process of erection and belonging to Patrick Leonard was completely demolished. Many barns and houses were destroyed and several narrow escapes were reported. A small sized cyclone passed over Lake County. A peculiar freak was performed by the storm on the farm of Thomas Hostetter, five miles northwest of Waukegan. A porch thirty feet long was ripped from the house and raised directly over the building, being landed 100 feet away in a neighbor's yard. A heavy chimney directly in the path of the porch as it flew over the house cut the porch directly in two.

**Merger Illinois Coal Lands.** Developments have brought to light a gigantic coal land deal involving over 50,000 acres in the four great coal-producing counties of Illinois. The land has been optioned to the St. Louis Valley Railroad, a new line just constructed along the east bank of the Mississippi to Cairo, with several branches to tap the great arteries of trade from Pountain Bluff, to Zeigler, the southern terminus of the railroad, to be known as the Chicago, Zeigler and Gulf, which will be built by Joseph Leiter. This enormous land purchase is the result of the failure of J. Pierpont Morgan to merge all the Illinois bituminous coal shafts into a great combine similar to the Indiana combine and which failed to go through owing to the Illinois Central failing to secure a pledge that the merger would guarantee its pro rata share of freight haul. The lands purchased are through the greatest coal belt in the United States, the strata of coal being over eight feet in thickness.

**Innocent and in Prison.** A man now supposed to be innocent of any crime is in the State prison at Joliet under a two-year sentence for burglary, and, because the sentence was technically illegal, he seems likely to stay in prison till he dies. The prisoner is Charles Neff, and his friends are urging the State parole board to act. Neff was a farm hand employed by Charles Johnson, living near Joliet. Johnson became jealous of his employee, and Neff was arrested charged with several offenses. To save the woman's name Neff pleaded guilty of burglary, not being guilty. It is now believed. Judge Illsicher sentenced him to two years in prison. The indeterminate law had just taken effect, but the judge overlooked this and passed sentence in the old form. Under the present law the only way for a man to be released after serving a term for burglary is by parole, but under the form of the sentence the board has no jurisdiction and thus far has failed to act.

**Killed by a Falling Wall.** Fire at Marion destroyed three business houses, killed one man and seriously injured three others. Another man is missing and his remains are supposed to be in the ruins. George Parker, aged 31, was killed by falling wall. Following are the losses: Miller Millinery Company, \$1,800; Jones & Lyle Brothers' saloon, \$3,500; R. Perry, meat market, \$1,500. The new Goodall Hotel and the county jail escaped with slight damages. While the fire was burning an explosion in the attic of the millinery store lifted the roof and pushed out one side of the building, burying five men.

**Charged with Four Murders.** Charles Hensel, who is now on trial for the murder of his wife, in Princeton, is also accused of three additional murders. It is alleged that about seven years ago he killed his father-in-law by shooting him with a shotgun. A few months afterward his mother-in-law died, and the post-mortem showed strychnine in her stomach. A short time after his first wife died, and the same discovery was made. The three deaths, so it is alleged, are due to his work. He is on trial charged with killing his second wife and burning her in a cow barn.

**State Items of Interest.** It is claimed that a paying vein of gold ore has been found near Rock Island.

Morgan County grand jury indicted Charles Goodnow and J. T. Owen, attendants in Jacksonville asylum, for manslaughter in causing death of 10-year-old patient by sending.

The jury in the case of George Hatfield, charged with the murder of Richard Gilliam on Feb. 22 last, and of Harry Stewart, charged with being an accessory, returned a verdict of not guilty at Mount Vernon.

Henry Melsol, a farmer southwest of Mendota, was accidentally shot and instantly killed. He was shooting squirrels, and while climbing through a fence the gun was discharged.

Fred Maxheiner, a wealthy farmer, 70 years old, of Woodburn, committed suicide by hanging himself in the barn, with a wire, from a bale of hay. He jumped out of bed crying, "I am insane; take me to Jacksonville," and attempted to cut his throat with a razor. His wife, aged 70, secured the razor and he ran to the barn, where he hanged himself before she could reach him.

Ludlow will erect a new school building. Chatsworth's new theater building is nearly completed.

Work is in progress on a new library building at Decatur.

Iroquois County will spend \$15,000 on a porchhouse at Watseka.

Ground has been broken for Springfield's new library building.

Edwin N. Requa, a business man of Keokaw, committed suicide by inhaling gas.

The Urbana school board has accepted plans for a new building to cost \$14,000.

J. W. Hermann of Chicago died suddenly in Milwaukee, after being seasick all night on the boat.

The G. A. R. of Jackson, Perry, Randolph and Washington counties will hold a reunion at Chester Sept. 17 to 19.

The Lakeside oatmeal mills in Joliet were partly destroyed by fire. Lightning was the cause. The loss is about \$50,000.

Gov. Yates gives it out that President Roosevelt will be one of the attractions at the State fair at Springfield in October.

Fannie Bennett, 1 year old, while playing in the street at Flora, was severely bitten by a mad dog. It is feared the case may develop into hydrophobia.

Edward Swanton, an electric lineman of Paxton, on his way home from Philadelphia, Pa., was injured probably fatally in an accident on the Belt Railroad at Indianapolis.

Thousands of fish are floating along the shore of Rock River between Rockford and Sterling. By some fishermen it is believed that poisonous matter has been placed in the river.

The fund for the erection of a monument over the grave of former Gov. John R. Tanner has now reached \$25,000. It is proposed to raise \$10,000 more. The monument will be in the form of a tall shaft.

Mary G. Drod, an inmate of the hospital for the insane at Dunning, died under peculiar circumstances. Her death is said to have been caused by burns received while bathing. It is believed an attendant, through mistake, put carbolic acid into the bath, which wrought fatal injuries.

Sydney Taylor, city passenger agent of the Chicago and Alton Railroad at Springfield, met with an accident which resulted in the loss of an arm and other injuries which may cost him his life. Mr. Taylor had occasion to visit the freight yards, and while there he stepped in front of a passing switch engine.

In the presence of several thousand spectators Martin Wehrhahn, a young excursionist from St. Louis, waded into the artificial lake at Highland Park, Quincy, and brandishing a revolver, attempted to kill himself. Policemen followed him closely and succeeded in disarming him and dragging him to land. He was slightly injured in one foot by a bullet. He was locked up. Wehrhahn is the son of a wealthy family in St. Louis. His sister said he was a victim of cigarette smoking.

Earl Ellsworth, alleged accessory to the triple tragedy of Feb. 28, in which his father, mother and Amos W. Anderson were shot at their home in Woodstock, was indicted by the grand jury of McHenry County charged with the murder of Amos W. Anderson. Ellsworth is the sole survivor and witness of a shooting which left him an orphan and suspected of murder. The evidence against him is mostly circumstantial, although he made statements that incriminated him as accessory to the fact. The motive of the crime is presumed to arise from a business failure of young Ellsworth; in which his father was interested, and tried to leave Mrs. Ellsworth mortgage her property in her son's interest, and also refused, under the advice of Anderson.

Gov. Yates has issued the following proclamation, designating Saturday, June 14, as Flag day: "To the People of Illinois—In pursuance of a commendable custom becoming established among the States of the Union I hereby proclaim Saturday, June 14, 1902, as Flag day, and recommend that the day be observed by all patriotic and liberty-loving citizens of this State, with such exercises and ceremonies as may be in harmony with the general character of the day. I would suggest that all schools of the State observe the previous day in exercises of a patriotic nature; and that citizens, merchants and State officers in all cities and towns decorate their homes, places of business and public buildings with the Stars and Stripes, in commemorative occasion."

Plans have been accepted by the Rockford City Council for the new \$50,000 Carnegie public library building. The gift was made by Mr. Carnegie more than a year ago and was accepted, but the city divided on the question of a site. The donation was made in the administration of Mayor Brown. He was an east side man, but appointed on the library board a majority consisting of west side men. They selected a site on that side of the river, but the minority would not consent to it. The wrangle continued until finally public spirited citizens presented a site in West Rockford and the Council, a majority of whom lived on that side, accepted the site. East side people threatened an injunction, but the city attorney held that as no money was appropriated there was no ground for legal action. The new building will overlook Rock river and will be within a few hundred feet of the center of the city.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Young Men's Christian Association at Belvidere announcement was made of a donation of a \$10,000 site for the proposed new building. The donor withholds his name from the public. The site is on one of the finest corners in State street. Some weeks ago Rev. Henry W. Avery made a donation of \$10,000 for a building. An appeal was made for a site with the foregoing result.

The war claims of the State of Illinois against the government have been filed by Attorney General Hannibal with the Comptroller of the Treasury in Washington. The old claim amounted to \$542,046, but with interest and the discount charges it now reaches \$890,880.

Charles Kahlother of Chicago has filed a bill in the County Court at Centralia, contesting the will of the late Robert J. Markle, his half-brother, claiming unsoundness of mind at the time of its execution. Mr. Markle died April 20, 1901, in a sanitarium near Chicago, of pneumonia. He left \$30,000.



## BANK OF ANTIOCH.

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Lv. Chicago, 10:30 A.M. Ar. Antioch, 3:30 P.M.  
Lv. Chicago, 12:30 P.M. Ar. Antioch, 5:30 P.M.  
Lv. Chicago, 2:30 P.M. Ar. Antioch, 7:30 P.M.  
Lv. Chicago, 4:30 P.M. Ar. Antioch, 9:30 P.M.

GOING SOUTH  
Lv. Antioch, 6:30 A.M. Ar. Chicago, 10:30 A.M.  
Lv. Antioch, 8:30 A.M. Ar. Chicago, 12:30 P.M.  
Lv. Antioch, 10:30 A.M. Ar. Chicago, 2:30 P.M.  
Lv. Antioch, 12:30 P.M. Ar. Chicago, 4:30 P.M.  
Lv. Antioch, 2:30 P.M. Ar. Chicago, 6:30 P.M.  
Lv. Antioch, 4:30 P.M. Ar. Chicago, 8:30 P.M.

W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome. W. R. WILLIAMS, Y. C. C. C. M. CONFER, Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 87, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. E. L. SIMONS, W. M. L. M. HUGHES, Sec.

Death Prerequisite to English Greatness  
"Call no man great until he is dead" is the amended phrase which has been adopted by modern Englishmen. As soon as one of our celebrities, has passed away we all combine to establish him on the highest pinnacle of fame, notwithstanding that in his lifetime most have had but a poor opinion of him and of his work. Even in recent times Walter Scott, Macaulay, Thackeray, Dickens and Tennyson were glorified when still alive, but circumstances are altered; death alone now can give the stamp of greatness. It is said that one of the most distinguished of English writers keeps repeating to himself: "Posterity is coming—posterity is coming!" finding consolation in the prospect for the neglect of his contemporaries.

### Happy Time in Old Town.

"We felt very happy," writes R. N. Beville, Old Town, Va., when Bucklin's Arnica Salve wholly cured our daughter of a bad case of scald head. It delights all who use it for cuts, corns, bruises, boils, ulcers and eruptions. Infallible for piles. Only 25c at W. T. Hill's drug store.

### The Land of Fire and Ice.

A new geological map of Iceland by Dr. Thoroddsen, who has spent many years on the work, gives much fresh information about one of the world's most wonderful islands, which few visitors ever see. An example of the strangeness of Iceland is furnished by the volcano Katla. This is buried under immense snow fields, but from time to time its fires burst through the glittering blanket, and then such floods are poured from the melting ice that a great stretch of country between the volcano and the sea is inundated, and huge masses of ice carried out into the ocean. It is unsafe even to cross the territory lying between Katla and the sea, so suddenly come the floods.

### Ready to Yield.

"I used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for piles and found it a certain cure," says S. R. Meredith, Willow Grove, Del. Operations unnecessary to cure piles. They always yield to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Cures skin diseases and all kinds of wounds. Accept no counterfeits. W. T. Hill.

### Where He Was Going.

During the session of the British parliament in 1879, James Lowther, the chief secretary for Ireland, rose from his seat and was hurriedly leaving the house just as Mr. Synan, an Irish representative with a very loud voice, began to call attention to some Irish grievance. Another Irish member, thinking it strange that the chief secretary should leave the chamber when a question relating to Ireland was being brought forward, called out: "Hi, hi! Lowther! where are you going?" Turning as he reached the door, Mr. Lowther coolly replied: "I am going out on the terrace to hear Synan."

### Filthy Temples in India.

Sacred cows often defile Indian temples, but worse yet is a body that is polluted by constipation. Don't permit it. Cleans your system with Dr. King's New Life Pills and avoid untold misery. They give lively livers, active bowels, good digestion and appetite. Only 25c at W. T. Hill's drug store.

### Dr. Kuyper to Visit England.

Dr. Kuyper, the Dutch premier, will visit Gainsborough, England, on June 11 for the purpose of assisting at the tercentenary celebration of the John Robinson Congregational church. This church was the original meeting place of the pilgrim fathers. The premier, who is a doctor in divinity and laws, was, at the time of his selection by Queen Wilhelmina to form a cabinet, professor of systematic theology in the University of Amsterdam, and a leading Protestant minister.

## Gray Hair

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over thirty years. It has kept my scalp free from dandruff and has prevented my hair from turning gray."—Mrs. F. A. Soule, Billings, Mont.

There is this peculiar thing about Ayer's Hair Vigor—it is a hair food, not a dye. Your hair does not suddenly turn black, look dead and lifeless. But gradually the old color comes back,—all the rich, dark color it used to have. The hair stops falling, too. \$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

### Newspaper Circulations.

Some 42,800 newspapers are published in the world. The United States comes first, and is far in advance of all other countries, with 19,760 papers. Great Britain ranks next, with 6,050. In Russia there are only 743 newspapers, or one to every 170,000 people. The Petit Journal of Paris has a daily circulation of not less than 1,000,000 copies.

The paper which has the smallest circulation is the Imperial Review, published for the sole benefit of the emperor of Austria. It is made up from the translations from all the principal daily items in European papers, and the daily edition is three copies.

### A Real Friend.

"I suffered from dyspepsia and indigestion for fifteen years," says W. T. Sturdevant of Merry Oaks, N. C. After I had tried many doctors and medicines to no avail one of my friends persuaded me to try Kodol. It gave immediate relief. I can eat almost anything I want now and my digestion is good. I cheerfully recommend Kodol. Don't try to cure stomach trouble by dieting. That only further weakens the system. You need wholesome strengthening food. Kodol enables you to assimilate what you eat by digesting it without the stomachs aid. W. T. Hill.

### Books and the Unbookish.

The mystery of books is great to the unbookish. A rising young novelist, who had been asked the other day with touching simplicity: "Might you be the author of the 'Canterbury Tales,' sir?" The simplicity of the half bookish can also be entertained in a rather grievous way. C. K. B. of "The Sphere" remarks this week that a reference below a picture to the removal of the King's "household gods" from Marlborough house to Buckingham palace brought him the following from a reader: "There is a mistake on page 65 of this week's 'Sphere.' Instead of 'household gods' I think you mean 'household goods.'"

### Saved From an Awful Fate.

"Everybody said I had consumption," writes Mrs. A. M. Shields, of Chambersburg, Pa., I was so low after six months of severe sickness, caused by hay fever and asthma that few thought I could get well, but I learned of the marvelous merit of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, used it, and was completely cured. For desperate throat and lung diseases it is the safest cure in the world, and is infallible for coughs colds and bronchial affections. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at W. T. Hill's.

### Mr. Wu's Name Explained.

Mr. Wu Ting-Fang acquired his pungent English in London. He was a student in the Middle Temple in 1876 and was known by his proper and unpronounceable name of Ng Choy. Subsequently, after he had entered the public service of his country at Tientsin and had been promoted to be a Mandarin, he followed the custom of adopting an official name. Ting-Fang is said to mean "hall fragrance," and is intended to indicate that the one so designated is so just and eminent a lawgiver that the sweet savor of his reputation "fills the court."

### Virulent Cancer Cured.

Startling proof of a wonderful advance in medicine is given by druggist G. W. Roberts of Elizabeth, W. Va. An old man there had long suffered with what good doctors pronounced incurable cancer. They believed his case hopeless till he used Electric Bitters and applied Bucklin's Arnica Salve, which treatment completely cured him. When Electric Bitters are used to expel bilious, kidney and microbe poisons at the same time the salve exerts its matchless healing power, blood diseases, skin eruptions, ulcers and sores vanish. Bitters 50c, salve 25c at W. T. Hill's.

### An Amazing Race.

An amusing race was run some four years since in the neighborhood of Vienna between a pig, a goose and a monkey. Soon after the start the goose became obstinate and refused to keep with the other competitors, of whom the monkey soon established a long lead. The backers of the pig thereupon had recourse to stratagem, and by throwing a handful of nuts in the simian's course so engaged his attention that his porcine rival was able to pass him and win cleverly.

## Max O'Rell's Advice to Wives.

Max O'Rell, in his book, "Her Royal Highness, Woman," gives this advice to wives:

"To rule your husband, my dear lady, do exactly as you please, but always pretend that you do as he pleases. That is where your ability comes in. Men are ruled, as children are, by the prospect of a reward. The reward of your husband is your amiability, your sweetness, your devotion and your beauty, of which you should take constant care. Always let him suppose that it is for him that you wish to remain beautiful. The woman who believes that she is asserting her independence every time she puts on a hat particularly displeasing to her husband is as clever and intelligent as the Irishman who buys a return ticket at a railroad office and, on entering the car, remarks to the passengers: 'I have played a good joke on the company. I have bought a return ticket, but I don't mean to come back.'"

### When Doctors Disagree.

When doctors disagree who shall decide? Dr. Behring, the famous German scientist, has just published a book on tuberculosis, in which he takes a position directly opposite to that maintained by Prof. Koch, by saying that the tubercular bacilli may be communicated from animals to human beings. He advocates the vaccination of cattle to render them immune against tuberculosis. — Cleveland Leader.

### Leads Them All.

One Minute Cough Cure beats all other medicines I ever tried for coughs, colds, croup and throat and lung troubles, says D. Scott Curran of Logan, Pa. One Minute Cough Cure is the only absolutely safe cough remedy which acts immediately. Mothers everywhere testify to the good it has done their little ones. Croup is so sudden in its attacks that the Dr. often arrives too late. It yields at once to One Minute Cough Cure. Pleasant to take. Children like it. Sure cure for grip, bronchitis and coughs. W. T. Hill.

### Joke on Lord Kelvin.

It is said that in one department of his life Lord Kelvin, the eminent English scientist who was recently in America, did not materially shine. This was his professional work at Glasgow. The greatest men have frequently proved to be poor teachers—that is, teachers of the elements of the science whereof they were masters. On one occasion Lord Kelvin, then Prof. Thomson, left Glasgow to receive the honor of knighthood. A substitute professor named Day took duty for Sir William. He amply satisfied the students. When Sir William returned as the new knight, some wag had written on the board, "Work ye, while it is called the Day, for the Knight cometh, when no man can work!"

### Try Orday Plasters.

For rheumatism, pain in the back or side, pneumonia, kidney and heart disease, liver complaint and all kindred diseases. These plasters are formulated for different ailments. Also corn plasters; a sure cure, six for 10c. Foot plasters, for cold feet, 20c. Agents and canvassers wanted. For particulars address

Mrs. J. S. Sutton,  
General Agent for Lake Co., Antioch, Ill.

### Nathan Hale's Schoolhouse.

The Connecticut chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution have succeeded, in co-operation with the Sons, in their efforts to secure the schoolhouse at New London in which the patriot Nathan Hale taught after being graduated from Yale. The schoolhouse was in danger of being torn down, and the Lucretia Shaw chapter of New London started a subscription list, which it headed with \$300. The house was removed to a site at the entrance of "the ancient burying ground" last year and the work of furnishing it for its various uses has recently been completed. The upper story has been made a depository for colonial and revolutionary relics, and the lower will be used as the chapter room of the Lucretia Shaw chapter.

### Spring Fever.

Spring fever is another name for biliousness. It is more serious than most people think. A torpid liver and inactive bowels means a poisoned system. If neglected a serious illness may follow such symptoms. De Witt's Little Early Risers remove all danger by stimulating the liver, opening the bowels and cleansing the system of impurities. Safe Pills. Never Gripes. I have taken DeWitt's Little Early Risers for torpid liver every spring for years, writes M. E. Moulden, W. Va. They do me more good than anything I have ever tried. W. T. Hill.

### Public-Spirited Publisher.

Edwin Ginn, the publisher, was honored recently by thirty of his townsfolk, representative citizens of Winchester, Mass., by a dinner in appreciation of his recent purchase of Ringley, a beautiful residential park in the center of the town. Had it not been for his timely purchase this beautiful expanse of trees and lawns would have been divided by speculators into a hundred house lots.

### Australia's Churches.

Australia has, proportionately, more churches than any other country, the number being 6,013, or 210 to every 100,000 people. Great Britain has 144 churches to every 100,000; Russia only 55 to the same number.

## EDITORIAL COMMENT

Senator Tillman is very properly called the national disgrace.

Loyal Republicanism, under the leadership of Yates and Hopkins, prevailed in the late Republican convention.

The result of the Republican state convention and Governor Yates' complete victory over the combined opposition forces, is that gentleman's most complete vindication.

It is to be observed that the action of the late Republican state convention does not meet the approval of the Democratic press. This is conclusive evidence that the convention did just the right thing.

Charley Dawes is all right. He bows to the will of the Republican majority and will lend his best efforts to carry out the expressed desires of the Republican party of Illinois. He has made friends by his course.

The great Republican party of Illinois stood up grandly for a Republican national and state administration, and a Republican organization and administration. A most scathing rebuke to the Chicago trust press and strife breeding self seeking Republicans.

Thursday's convention revealed the people's choice for United States senator. It showed a splendid triumph for Mr. Hopkins, the next United States senator from Illinois, because he is the popular candidate—the choice of a large majority of the Republican voters of Illinois. Joliet Republican.

There has been much talk recently of this "combine" and that "combine." Now that the Republican state convention has settled all differences between these combines, but one remains, and that is the regular party organization. All loyal Republicans in the state will give this organization its full and cordial support. Republicans of Illinois will present a solid front to the common enemy.

The stalwart Republican country press, which stood so loyally for a Republican state administration, has again demonstrated its power and influence. It was a battle royal between the provincial press and the Chicago trust press, and the former won. As the result of this loyalty to party measures and men on the part of the country press, the Republican state organization is stronger, greater and a more potent power for party success than ever before.

The Democratic press, in commenting upon the result of the Republican state convention, talk about the bossism of this man or that man. The facts are that it was made up very largely of stalwart Republican leaders from the different districts that could not be controlled by bosses in the sense spoken of by the Democratic press. It was a convention of Yates, Hopkins, Cannon, Lorimer, Northcott and others; and its results give to the Republican party of Illinois one of the strongest, most efficient political organizations ever known in the state.

The Republican state convention was a complete victory for the state administration. It was controlled throughout by Yates, Hopkins, Cannon, Northcott and Lorimer. The fact that the result shows by the vote on the endorsement of Hopkins was also exactly what Governor Yates announced nearly a week ago that it would be, may be accepted as a proof of the wonderfully complete organization which has been behind the Hopkins candidacy, and which has successfully resisted the anti-administration movement.—Pontiac Herald.

Tillman deserves the thanks of all his fellow-citizens for his frank declaration that his sympathies are with the Philippines and against the nation of which he is a senator. It relieves the country of a good deal of the disgrace that this blatant bully's presence in its senate casts upon it. For it makes it apparent that though he is an American senator, he is not an American. He is a Tagal out of his proper environment. If he were where he belongs, crouched in a Philippine jungle with a bolo in his hand waiting for a chance to sneak behind a United States soldier and murder him, Tillman would be a more respectable figure than he is and considerably less of a nuisance to decent Americans.

It has been asked: "Whom will the forcible retention of the Philippines benefit?" The question might be answered by asking another: "Whom would the abandonment of the islands benefit?" It certainly would not benefit the inhabitants, who, by abundant testimony, are unfit for self-government, and would no doubt speedily lapse into tribal wars and anarchy. Moreover, abandonment of the islands would give the United States the undeniable distinction of being the first civilized nation to admit its inability to hold and utilize a valuable possession which it had acquired in a legitimate way and to which it had an undisputed title. National prestige is a valuable asset and loss of it is an injury.

## Republican Prosperity.

Five years ago the Republican party resumed control of the administration of national affairs after four years of Democratic rule, during which the country had experienced one of the severest industrial and commercial depressions in its history. When the Republican party was restored to power hundreds of mills and factories were idle and hundreds of thousands of people were without employment. Both our foreign and domestic commerce had made little if any progress in the preceding four years. There has been financial distrust and an indisposition on the part of capital to invest in new enterprises. The great transportation interest was unprofitable as a whole. The agricultural producers were not making money. The wages of labor were lower than they had been for a number of years. The consumption of the products of the farm and factory had materially declined.

The Republican party promised to remedy this unhappy condition. It made provision for doing so as soon as possible. Indeed, immediately after the election of 1890 the business situation began to improve and there was a steady tide of prosperity. The industries of the country became active and continued so. The demand for skilled labor grew until it exceeded the supply and wages increased. Our foreign and domestic commerce grew with unprecedented rapidity. Transportation and agricultural production became profitable. The consuming power of the people was greatly increased.

The country is still prosperous. All industries are in active operation, the great iron and steel industry, which perhaps best reflects the general prosperity, having business which assures at least another year of undiminished activity. The great transportation interest is making good earnings, which promise for the current year, if crops are favorable, to equal if not exceed the highwater mark of last year. There is little idle labor in the country and in some portions the demand is in excess of the supply.

The most striking results of the prosperity under Republican policy during the last five years is the statistics of savings banks. Equally valuable evidence of the benefit of this policy to the agricultural producers is the great amount of mortgage indebtedness paid off, aggregating hundreds of millions of dollars. In short, there is not an industrial or commercial interest that has not shared in the remarkable prosperity which has prevailed since the Republican party returned to power five years ago and labor in this country is as a whole better off today than at any previous time in our history. Demagogues may sneer as they will at "Republican prosperity," but it is a most substantial fact, attested not only by indisputable statistics, but by the universal personal experience of the American people. The financial, industrial and commercial progress of the United States during the last five years is without a parallel in the history of any other country.

### The State Convention.

The work of the Republican state convention is now before the people of Illinois, and it is believed that time will demonstrate that, under all the circumstances, it presents the best results that could possibly be got out of the vast array of interests with which the convention had to deal, says the Champaign Daily Gazette. To meet the wishes of each individual in a body of 1,500 delegates representing a party whose voting strength in the state approximates 700,000, is a task beyond the power of any human organization. Therefore the business of the convention could only be accomplished with as near an approach to uniform satisfaction as possible. It meets that measure very well and will therefore have the stamp of party approval placed upon it. The ticket is a good one and all the persons named upon it are competent for the places they are designated to fill. The platform is conservative enough, and it speaks good Republican sentiment and policy in all its parts. There can be no reasonable doubt that the party will rally to the support of its nominees and elect them by handsome majorities in November, and with them a legislature that will send a good Republican to the United States senate and add something to the Republican strength in the lower house of congress. Illinois Republicans deserve this result, and with a vigorous campaign they will triumphantly achieve it.

### Bryan's Prophecy is False.

Mr. Bryan said four years ago that the prosperity of the country was only fictitious and that it would soon be over. The Nebraska statesman could not conceive that there could be any prosperity that was not based on his peculiar theories and he affected not to believe there was any real prosperity in the country. But the prosperity has continued, for four years since the dismal statement of Mr. Bryan was uttered and it is growing greater every day. The workmen in the country are having more days of work than they ever had and the wages are good. Under the Republican administration there has been no stoppage of work, save for strikes, and it is a significant fact that these strikes were for higher wages or shorter hours, or both, while in the previous administration the strikes were against reduced wages and were rarely successful because there were more men seeking work than could find it.

The millennium has not come nor will it for a long time yet. There are abuses to be corrected in the wage system and neither employers or employees are angels, but the conditions are better now than they have been for many years, and they are improving. The prosperity has not been fictitious, or temporary, but very permanent.—Moline Review-Dispatch.

That the Republican party organization of the state was never in better shape, and the prospects for harmonious and united action never brighter, is the consensus of opinion among the leaders from down the state and in Cook county. All appear to be satisfied and contented with the result of the Republican state convention. They agree that the senatorial contest is as good as settled.

## Straight Republicanism.

The outcome at Springfield seems to be regarded with satisfaction by the delegates to the state convention whether they belonged to the winning or the losing side. The majority was strong enough to be generous, and the minority was not strong enough to create friction. There were no bitter contests over candidates, no differences of opinion as to the declaration of principles, and the vote on the senatorship so clearly indicated the preferences of the Republicans of the state that Mr. Dawes has withdrawn from the contest.

The convention was a straight-out Republican convention. The platform is uncompromisingly Republican. The candidates are of such a character and are so distributed as to bring out a full Republican vote. No administration Republican, no friend of the state administration, no Cook county Republican, no Sangamon county Republican no Republican anywhere in the state, has an excuse for being lukewarm in the cause of the party, or for sulking in his tent.

There is no embarrassment in the action of the convention to any congressional or legislative candidate. There is not a congressional or legislative district in the state in which the situation is not more favorable to Republican success than it was a week ago. There is a better feeling at Washington because of the high national spirit of the convention, and a better feeling among Republicans throughout the country because of the evidence that the convention gave of organization and fine party spirit.

### Senatorship Settled.

When the Republican state convention, by a vote of more than two to one, endorsed the candidacy of Congressman A. J. Hopkins for the United States senatorship, the contest for that high office was practically ended, says the Illinois State Journal.

While it is true that the endorsement given Mr. Hopkins by the state convention is not formally binding upon the Republican members of the legislature, because they were not selected by that convention, those members could not well disregard the overwhelming vote cast in favor of Mr. Hopkins, if they desired to, and the action of the convention makes him the recognized candidate of the party for United States senator. Aside from all other considerations, however, the fact of practical importance in this connection is that the party leaders throughout the state who selected the delegates to the state convention at the same time selected the delegates to the legislative conventions which have named or will name the Republican candidates for the general assembly. It is apparent to every experienced politician, then, that the general result of the legislative conventions will be practically the same as that of the state convention. As Mr. Hopkins received two-thirds of the votes in the state convention, this means that at least two-thirds of the Republican members of the next general assembly will support him for senator because they have favored his candidacy from the beginning and were nominated as Hopkins men, while still more will support him because of the emphatic expression given by the state convention of the preference of the Republicans of Illinois for him for that office.

### High Praise for Hopkins.

Everybody appears to be reconciled to the result of the Republican state convention except Senator Mason, who continues to make wild charges against the overwhelming majority of delegates who opposed him. Although the Chicago Tribune favored the selection of Mr. Hill in preference to Mr. Hopkins, it accepts the action of the state convention as determining the senatorial contest and pays high tribute to the ability, fitness and character of the Aurora congressman in an article headed "The New Senator from Illinois." In that editorial the Tribune says:

"The action of the state convention at Springfield in recommending to the legislature the election of Mr. Hopkins as United States senator need not make the ludicrous grievance. The Tribune has long been of the opinion that it is a proper function of a state convention to pass a resolution of this kind, and it will not be distressed if the practice passes into an established custom. The nearer we can get to the people in the election of United States senators the better off we shall be."

"While the state convention is an imperfect substitute for a direct vote of the people, senatorial nomination by it is a tendency in the right direction, and one that every friend of pure popular government should approve of. Why should not the state convention express its opinions on a subject of this importance in its own language? We rejoice that it has done so, and that the choice of the convention has fallen upon a man so thoroughly deserving of it as Hon. Albert J. Hopkins."

"The action of the convention is conclusive so far as the Republican party is concerned. If Mr. Hopkins lives and keeps his health, and the Republican party has a majority in the next legislature, he will certainly be elected senator, and he ought to be. The shouting is over. The shouting and the tumult have ceased, and the people of the state are to be congratulated many months in advance of the actual election upon the result."

"Mr. Hopkins is a man of absolutely unspotted reputation, public and private. He is a good lawyer, a good speaker, a good legislator. He has had ample experience. He has sufficient will and character. He is a native of this state and thoroughly attached to it in every fiber of his being. Illinois might have gone farther and fared worse. It could not have gone farther and fared much better."

When the Tribune is so well satisfied, it is certain that the remainder of the minority will accept the defeat of their favorites with equally good grace.

Now a long pull, a strong pull and a pull all together for the whole Republican ticket—state, congressional, senatorial and county.